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The North Carolinian.

PALEMON JOHN, Editor and Proprietor. Devoted to the Interests of the City, the County and the District. TERMS---$1.00 a Year, in Advance.

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THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
ESTABLISHMENT
Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business, and promptly executes Wedding Cards, Visiting Cards, Business Cards, Ball Cards, Fancy Show Cards, Posters, Handbills, Programmes, Billheads, Dodgers, Bills of Fare, Wine Cards, Law Cases and Points, Statements, Pamphlets, Circulars, Books, etc., in the latest and neatest styles and at the lowest prices. Orders by mail will receive prompt attention.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

Can we add to his glory whose praise is ours?
Can we rate him anew in the lists of fame?
Shall our words or our deeds be the worthier flow'rs
To garland w that his immortal name?

With the breath of the cycle that saw him grow
In wisdom and honors he passed away,
And the cankering years that deface as they go
Still leave us his spirit untouched of clay.

Still gathers the tone that proclaims him great;
Still spreads out the Nation that guards his love;
Still moves with the rhythmical tread of Fate
The march of the People he stands above

As he who looks forth from a mountain peak
Sees over the hills to the rising sun,
While down in the valleys the misty reek
Hangs low, and they know not that night is done;

So, often when those whom he led could but see
The smoke of disaster roll over the skies,
A gleam of the far away victory
They caught in the blaze of his blenchless eyes.

He won—and he laid down his stainless sword;
Supreme—he relinquished the ruler's seat,
Plain man in pure honor, who ruled and obeyed—
The kings of the earth are but dwarfs at his feet.

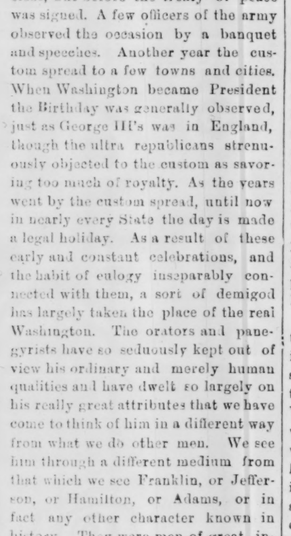
—Joseph I. C. Clarke.

A NATION'S HERO.

Stories That Illustrate Washington's Habits and Character.

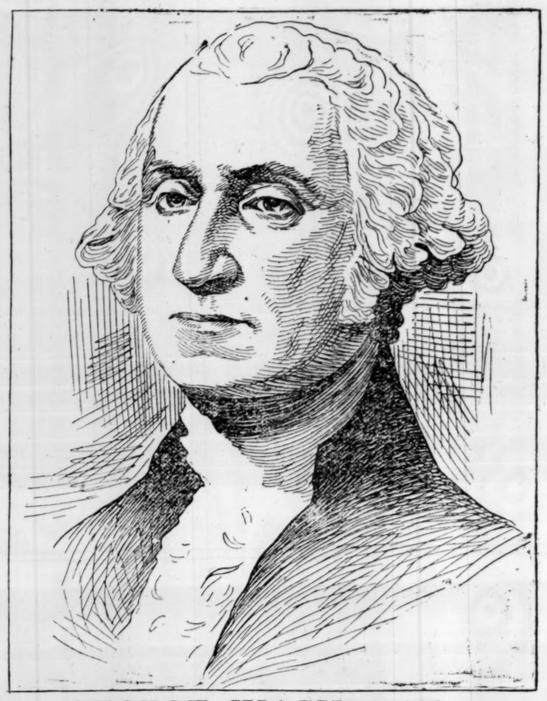
FOR more than a hundred years the American people have annually exhausted panegyric on Washington's Birthday. The 22d of February is as significant in our calendar as the 4th of July, and has now come to be widely celebrated. In fact, it is our only National saint's day, for the birthdays of our other heroes, of Franklin, Jefferson, Jackson and Lincoln, are only observed in local and spasmodic way or by particular admirers and partisans.

The first celebration of Washington's Birthday took place in 1783, when the Revolution was drawing to a close, but before the treaty of peace was signed. A few officers of the army observed the occasion by a banquet and speeches. Another year the custom spread to a few towns and cities. When Washington became President the Birthday was generally observed, just as George III's was in England, though the ultra republicans strenuously objected to the custom as savoring too much of royalty. As the years went by the custom spread, until now in nearly every State the day is made a legal holiday. As a result of these early and constant celebrations, and the habit of eulogy inseparably connected with them, a sort of demigod has largely taken the place of the real Washington. The orators and panegyrists have so seduously kept out of view his ordinary and merely human qualities and have dwelt so largely on his really great attributes that we have come to think of him in a different way from what we do other men. We see him through a different medium from that which we see Franklin, or Jefferson, or Hamilton, or Adams, or in fact any other character known in history. They were men of great intellectual power, endowed with a large share of human weakness and infirmity, and we can look upon them justly and surely as we look upon mankind generally. But to regard Washington as a man, having like passions with ourselves, to imagine that he had foibles, has been almost invariably considered to be a sort of sacrilege. And thus a myth has grown up and taken the place of the real Washington. Even the modern critical spirit that spares nothing human or divine, hesitates before that august figure.



MONUMENT AT WASHINGTON'S BIRTHPLACE.

His was, indeed, a remarkably well rounded character, and no one would take from him one jot or tittle of his true greatness. He served his country as few men of his time could have done, and it is impossible to estimate the debt America owes to him and to his example; but it is because he was a man and not a demigod that his example is so valuable to us. We can take pattern from men and emulate their actions, but supernatural beings are beyond our powers.



GEORGE WASHINGTON.

BORN FEBRUARY 22, 1732. DIED DECEMBER 14, 1799.

It is because of this unceasing eulogy that Mr. McMaster, the historian, has said: "George Washington is an unknown man," nor does he make any attempt to reveal him, though he speaks of his "cold heart," implying that he had no affection for mankind. Washington's coldness was more in seeming than in reality, though he did not wear his heart upon his sleeve, and his writings show that he was capable of acts of great generosity. The real man may be studied to the best advantage in his correspondence and in the writings of a few dispassionate men who came in personal contact with him.

He could write a dunning letter in the most unmistakable terms, and he always insisted upon his dues to the uttermost farthing, being equally exact in rendering to others what was due them. He was one of the best business men of his time, and it was as much because of this quality as any other that he was enabled to sustain himself at the head of the army so long and finally so successfully. It might have been the money of the widow Custis that gave him his high position to start with, as old David Burns told him once, but having that position his business habits qualified him for the rest.

Some anecdotes illustrating these traits of character are related in Parkinson's "Tour in America." Parkinson was an English farmer who came to this country in 1798 to take one of Washington's farms to cultivate, but when he saw it he declined it, saying he would not have it as a gift. He was, however, treated very well by Washington and says of him: "To me he appeared as a mild, friendly man; in company rather reserved, in private speaking with candor. His behavior to me was such that I shall ever revere his name. General Washington lived a great man and died the same. I am of the opinion that the General never knowingly did anything wrong, but did to all men as he would they should do to him." He then goes on to relate some stories he heard. At a ferry owned by Washington, General Stone, in crossing, offered the ferryman a gold moidore in payment. The ferryman objected to taking it, for the reason that he had no scales to weigh it, and that if it proved short of weight General Washington would make him stand the loss, as well as be angry with him. General Stone then said he would allow a deduction of three pence on the price, and the ferryman took it. The next Saturday when he settled with Washington the moidore was found to be only three half-pence short, so Washington had the ferryman return to General Stone the three half-pence he had overpaid.

Another time a tenant called at Mount Vernon to pay his rent. He laid out the money on a table and it was four pence short. Washington called his attention to the deficit. The man threw down a dollar and asked to be credited with the surplus on the next year. No, that would not do; he must make the exact change. He consequently was obliged to ride to Alexandria, a distance of nine miles, to get change and make out the precise sum. Numerous stories of this kind were afloat in Washington's lifetime, and some of them have been preserved. They show the character of the man—exact to a nicety in all his dealings, and yet he refused a salary for his services in the army during the war, and only required of Congress the payment of his actual expenses.

William Maclay, a Senator from Pennsylvania during the first Congress, kept a journal, and in it there are several descriptions of Washington. Maclay dined with him several times. Once he says:

It was the most solemn dinner ever I sat at. Not a health drank; scarce a word said until the cloth was taken away. Then the President, filling a glass of wine, with great formality drank to the health of every individual by name round the table. Everybody imitated him, charged glasses, and such a buzz and "health, sir," and "health, madam," never had I heard before. Indeed, I had like to have been thrown out in the hurry; but I got a little wine in my glass and passed the ceremony. The ladies sat a good while, and the bottles passed about; but there was dead silence, almost. Mrs. Washington at last withdrew with the ladies.

Maclay goes on to say that he expected the men would now begin, but the same stillness remained. The President told an amusing story at which everybody laughed, and Jay told the anecdote of the Duchess of Devonshire electioneering for Fox, and there were several other small attempts at gayety. The President played with a fork during the time, striking on the edge of the table with it. After awhile the President rose and the company joined the ladies upstairs.

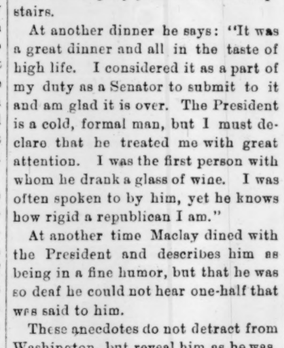
At another dinner he says: "It was a great dinner and all in the taste of high life. I considered it as a part of my duty as a Senator to submit to it and am glad it is over. The President is a cold, formal man, but I must declare that he treated me with great attention. I was the first person with whom he drank a glass of wine. I was often spoken to by him, yet he knows how rigid a republican I am."

At another time Maclay dined with the President and describes him as being in a fine humor, but that he was so deaf he could not hear one-half that was said to him.

These anecdotes do not detract from Washington, but reveal him as he was. It is a thousand times better to know him in this way than to imagine him a being too exalted for human emulation.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Washington's Ancestry.

One genealogist, reckless of consequences, has traced the ancestry of President Washington to Odin. Another attempt was made to connect him with the Washingtons of Durham, England. But the authentic source of his parentage is a Washington clan, of County Northampton, England, where the old manor-house is still to be seen, though in ruins. Upon consulting Virginian records one can get back no farther than his great-grandfather, John Washington, who settled in Virginia in 1657. His eldest son Lawrence had three children, John, Augustine and Mildred, and our President was the child of Augustine, and his second wife, Mary Ball, whom Augustine married in 1730. George



JOHN AUGUSTINE WASHINGTON, BROTHER OF GEORGE WASHINGTON.

Washington had five brothers and sisters. His father died when he was seven years old, and the future hero was trained by his half-brother, Lawrence Washington.

A Unique Paper by Washington.

A unique paper is one of eight pages, all in Washington's neat, careful handwriting, headed: "Negroes Belonging to George Washington in His Own Right and by Marriage." This is followed by a list containing the names of every slave owned by Washington.

Fixed.

Tomorrow's sky be blue or gray—
What matters that to us today?
Tomorrow's wind be warm or cold,
The world all black or shot with gold,
It doesn't matter, anyway.

Tomorrow's sky be blue or gray,
Or joy or sorrow in the day,
What matters that to us who still
Must take the good or take the ill,
And couldn't change it, anyway?

HUMOROUS.

Clara—What shall I sing? Jack—Have you a song with a refrain? Clara—Yes. Jack—Well, then, please refrain.

She—Don't you find Browning interesting? He—Well, to be candid with you, I'd as soon read a time-table.

"When I started out," said the young tragedian, "I felt that I was due. Now, I realize that I was a frost."

Shopper—Young man, I hope these goods won't shrink. Salesman—N-no, ma'am. Shopper—Because if they do, you will.

Father—Laura, I want you to choose a clever husband. You're mother, I'm sorry to say, had her eye only on money.

"Last night I took a long stroll with the one I love best in all the world." "I should think you would get tired of walking by yourself."

Cresson—I thought you were going to send your boy to college? Sportley—That was my intention. But I find he is too weak physically to play football.

Tommy—Paw, was there any fireworks in the days of the Bible? Mr. Figg—No—unless you count David. He was a pretty good giant cracker at one time.

He—You know two negatives make an affirmative. She—Not with a woman. He—Why? She—It only takes one.

Mistress—What a fearful smell of gas! I suppose, Bridget, it is all right in the dining-room? Bridget—Oh, yes, mum. I blew it out a long time ago in there.

"Now, Violet, can you give me any reason why I should not punish you for being naughty?" Violet—Yes, ma. Doctor said you weren't to take any vi'lent ex'cise.

Penelope—So you want to marry an economical girl? Tom Barry—Yes; one who can get along on $10 a week, and who has an income sufficiently large to allow me $150.

"John," said his father to the heir, aged five, "do you want your grandmother to put you to bed?" "Any old thing will do," replied the little man; and he went to bed quick.

Lecturer—The superiority of the old architecture over the new is beyond question, for where will you find any modern buildings that have lasted as long as the ancient ones?

First Artist—Congratulate me, old man. I've just sold my masterpiece to Banker Parvenu for $1,250. Second Artist—Glad to hear it. The miserable skinflint deserves to be stuck.

Aunt—Come here, Fritz, at once. Fritz—Not unless you promise me another piece of cake. "No more cake today." "Then I won't come. I'll see if I can't cure your stubbornness."

She was an intensely romantic girl. Her soul was ever occupied with yearning for the unattainable. Why, she hadn't been in the railway car ten minutes before she wanted the window opened.

Soiled Hooks—If I live a few years longer I expect t' die a rich man. Seldum Fedd—How yer goin' t' work it? Soiled Hooks—W'y look at de money I'm savin' by not buyin' soap. —Judge.

Teacher—Billy, can you tell me the difference between caution and cowardice? Billy—Yes, ma'am. When you're afraid yourself, then that's caution. But when the other fellow's afraid, that's cowardice.

Mrs. Spooner—Charles, do you think you would ever marry again? Mr. Spooner—What! After having lived with you ten years? Never! Mrs. Spooner said she would give something handsome if she only knew just what he meant.

"I suppose that you and your wife are 'two souls with but a single thought,'" said his old friend Tom Dick, who had not seen him since his marriage. "That's about the situation," said Henry Peck, "and about half the time she will not tell me what that thought is."

Mrs. Chaffie—I'm afraid there's something the matter with Johnnie. Mr. Chaffie—What makes you think so? Mrs. Chaffie—He sits in a corner all day, and doesn't say anything to anybody. Either he is to be a great poet, or he is going to have the measles. I can't decide which it is.

The Settler's Wife—Why should we go any further into the wilderness? Why not build our cabin here where there are eight or ten families already? The Settler—Gadzooks! What would'st thou? A couple of hundred years from now there would be folks around here blowing that our family isn't the oldest in the place.

DOES 'OO LIKE BUTTER?

A MERCANTILE NAVY.

WE CAN BUILD ALL THE SHIPS THAT ARE NEEDED.

But They Must Be Protected Against the Cheapness of Foreign Competing Vessels—The London Times Answered.

The New York Mail and Express contained the following cablegram:

"The Times has a special article this morning comparing the English and American marine, in which it says:

"The United States have accomplished so many remarkable things that it is not unreasonable to expect that they will achieve a deal more. From a purely commercial and monetary point of view, rivaling the British marine is less difficult than might appear. The task of building such a fleet is comparatively small to a nation of spirit and with two thousand millions in railways. But the question is, What would they do with such a navy when it was built? Looking to the fact that it would be difficult to displace the English carrying trade, and to the heavy cost of construction in America as compared with England, it is safe to assume that England has little to fear for a long time to come.'"

The Times appreciates the resources and ability of this country to build ships apparently better than a large majority of our own people do, but it shows its restricted British prejudice in asking, "What would they do with such a navy when built?" We might undertake to answer the Times by saying that we could employ such a mercantile navy to carry the imports and exports of the United States. That would be sufficient to employ several millions of tons of ships, even at present, and the growth of our commerce would mean a growth of our shipping.

But the Times thinks (?) it disposes of the entire case when it says: "Looking to the fact that it would be difficult to displace the English carrying trade, and to the heavy cost of construction in America as compared with England, it is safe to assume that England has little to fear for a long time to come." Herein the economic fallacies that pervade and obscure even the brightest British minds show themselves. This country has worked on the theory that the greater cost of an article in the United States is not a bar to its production, if our country possesses the materials and the men with which to produce the article. Our capacity to produce a thing is the only demonstration a protectionist requires. The home competition may always be relied upon to bring down cost to reasonable proportions. It is not the theory of protectionists to starve people into the cheapest production. So, then, the question is, Have we the need of ships? Unquestionably we have. The next question is, "Can we build the ships we need?" The reply is, emphatically, we can. The one thing needful preceding the building of the ships we need is legislation that will protect our ships in operation against the cheapness of foreign competing ships. Leaving our own people free to compete with each other and as human beings is all that is necessary. Protect them from the debased competition and we are all right. We now protect our manufacturers and their employes against the competition of foreign labor, so that our people shall not be forced to the level of foreign conditions. That protection makes production at home profitable—profitable to the employer and employed. Precisely the same principle must govern the protection of our ships in the foreign trade before we have ships in that trade.—Seaboard.

National Finance, Per Capita.

Fiscal year.	Debt less cash in Treasury.	Interest paid.
1890	$14.22	$0.47
1891	13.32	.37
1892	12.86	.35
1893	12.55	.34
1894	13.17	.37
1895	12.93	.44
1896	13.41	.49

This is an interesting study. The National debt of the United States reached its lowest point, $12,55 per capita of our population, with the close of the Republican administration in 1893, the decrease of debt being $1.67 per capita between 1890 and 1893. Under the Democratic administration it has advanced from $12.65 in 1893 to $13.41 in 1896, and increase of $0.86 per capita in three years. In the same way the per capita of interest fell to thirty-four cents in 1893, increasing at once under a Democratic administration till it reached forty-nine cents per capita in 1896. The Democratic interest tax is higher now than it was in 1890 by two cent per capita, and is fifteen cents per capita more than when the Republican administration ceased in 1893.

He Will Keep His Promise.

And every workingman who is now idle shall have a job before the end of this year, if Congress will pass the kind of a protective tariff that will suit the President-elect. — William McKinley.

His Ancestors Revolutionary Heroes.

Horatio Austin Smith, a farmer and milk dealer, and who had held many town offices, died at Medford, Mass., a few days ago, in his ninety-fifth year. His father, Elijah Josiah Smith, his grandfather, and his two uncles, Josiah and Abraham Smith, all participated in the battle of Lexington.

A WARNING.

The Fall of Rome Was Due to the Influences of Free Trade.

I am not, at present, going to enter again into the tariff discussion, writes John C. Freund in the Music Trades. At the same time, I would recommend those who are interested in the question to study the causes that led to the fall of Rome, the greatest Republic, and later empire, the world ever knew, up to the period of the establishment of the United States.

Rome fell through the influences of free trade, and the craze for providing the masses with cheap things.

The conquest of Sicily, and later of Egypt, enabled her to import her cereals, produced by the slave labor of those countries, at a far lower figure than she could raise them on her own fertile plains.

What was the result?

The Roman small farmer and land owner, the strength and sinew of the people and of the army, was gradually reduced to bankruptcy and servitude. He became a member of the proletariat. The land he had once tilled became the property of some rich patrician, who turned it into pasturage or hunting fields, or if he cultivated it, did so by slave labor, which was cheaper.

Had the Romans then introduced manufactures they might still have prospered, but this they disdained to do. It was so much easier and "cheaper" to import the products of the East.

What was the result?

In spite of the vast treasures acquired by conquest and robbery, this treasure was being continually exported to pay for imports. The balance of trade was continually against Rome.

This in turn produced a contraction, which, in turn, produced a terrible debasement of the currency. Had Rome protected the opportunity of her people, had she protected her agriculturists, had she seen the importance of developing domestic industries, she would have prevented the accumulation of the land and of her wealth in a few hands; she would have prevented the impoverishment of the mass of the people, an impoverishment so great that the majority had to be fed at the expense of the State, and thus she would not have fallen into that decay which left her an easy victim to the victorious barbarians that swept over her.

Will Stand the Test.

The success of the free trade party four years ago was due wholly to the misrepresentations which were made and the falsehoods which were told about the McKinley bill. The two years of unparalleled prosperity which followed its enactment were not even sufficient to counteract the fabrications spread broadcast by the free traders. The new law, if passed in extra session, will have fully three years of trial. There is no doubt but that it will stand the test. A protective tariff always does stand an honest test. It will have another advantage over the McKinley bill of even greater value—viz., the comparative history of the McKinley bill with its successor, the Wilson-Gorman bill—the remembrance of the upbuilding of industries, the activity of business, the rise in wages, the unexampled prosperity under the McKinley law, the mendacity and perversion of fact which led to its repeal, the stagnation of business, the closing of factories, the loss of wages and the general paralysis of industries under the partial free trade of the Gorman bill.

Didn't Know They Were Hurt.

The free traders used to tell us during the good times of the McKinley bill, that the reason the people did not rise up as one man and sweep away the protective tariff was that they did not know that the tariff was hurting them. No, they didn't know it. There is no doubt about that. And they have found out now, even if they didn't know it before, that a man isn't hurt very much when he doesn't know it. There has been no difficulty about knowing that they have been hurt during the last four years, since the free trade party has been in power. They have not needed anyone to tell them about it, nor needed long arguments to prove that they were hurt but didn't know it. The hurts given by free trade are not of that mild nature. Naturally the people prefer the system which brings such prosperity that they "don't know" they are hurt, and have decided to go back to it.

Two of a Kind.

Made in America.

German prison made hosiery will soon have to give place to the American manufactured article.

WAR FLEET IN PERIL.

Admiral Bunce's Squadron Battles With a Terrific Gale.

FOUR JACK TARS PERISHED.

Five United States Warships Arrived at Charleston, S. C., After a Trying Experience Off the North Carolina Coast---Heroic Attempt of a Landsman on the Maine to Save His Drowning Comrade.

CHARLESTON, S. C. (Special).—Admiral Bunce's squadron of United States war vessels arrived here Monday after a terrific encounter with a cyclone off Hatteras, during which four lives were lost, eight men were injured seriously, and all the vessels sustained minor injuries.

The ships of the squadron consist of the New York, Maine, Columbia, Amphitrite, and Marblehead. The Maine lost three of her crew and the Marblehead lost one and had six injured. Three men were swept overboard from the Maine and three jumped after them. The last three were rescued. The boat that went after the men who were swept overboard capsized, but all of the rescuing crew were saved. One man was injured on the New York.

All five of the vessels are now at anchor about two miles off the bar. The squadron ran into the teeth of the storm on Friday night forty miles off the North Carolina coast and well below Hatteras.

The Maine's death list consists of J. C. Kozel, apprentice, dashed to death against turrets and body lost at sea; John Brown, seaman, washed overboard and drowned, body not recovered; A. B. Nelson, private United States marines, washed overboard and drowned, body lost.

The Marblehead lost Ship's Carpenter Strawhar, who was dashed to death by the sea. His body was secured and buried at sea on Sunday. Seven of the carpenter's gang, who were at work on the sea anchor, were hurled against the superstructure of the ship by the sea and more or less injured. They were: Dennis Ryan, blacksmith; Charles Osborne, shipwright; apprentices, Scanlan and Regan and Hicker and two others. Hicker sustained a compound fracture of the skull, and his condition is serious.

When the storm began to gather on Friday night the Admiral signalled from the New York for the ships to stand together. The storm was blowing from the southeast. It steadily increased during the night and the four ships were separated. So heavily did the New York roll that the big eight-inch guns in the turrets were lashed down with heavy hawsers.

The boatswain, William Anderson, while on the forward deck, was struck from his seat by a sea and injured by being dashed aft. Naval Cadet Castleman, while on the forward quarter deck, also lost his footing and was about to go over the side when he managed to seize a life line and save his own life. When the sea was shipped astern the sounding apparatus was knocked to flinders, and one of the officers was nearly dashed over the side.

When morning came the Maine was sighted and spoken. The battle ship had the most trying experience of the fleet. The apprentice Kozel was struck by a terrible sea and his life was dashed out of him. The waters carried his body overboard. Two men jumped after him as he was being carried away. They were Seamen John Brown and Marine Alex Nelson. In trying to save Kozel they lost their lives, for they, too, were carried out into the mountains of water.

Charles Haskell was washed overboard at the same time. When these four men went overboard William J. Creelman, a landsman, was standing on the poop deck. He saw the upturned face of Kozel floating by.

Creelman dived over the stern and struck out to save him. Meantime two life buoys had been thrown over. Haskel got one of them. Brown, Nelson and Kozel disappeared, and the brave Creelman was struggling far from the buoy intended for him. Haskel saw him and reached him in time to save his life.

On board the Maine a board of inquiry reported on the loss of the three men. They highly commended Creelman's brave attempt to rescue Kozel. He will be recommended for a life-saver's medal of the first class.

EX-GOVERNOR LONG ACCEPTS.

To be Secretary of the Navy in McKinley's Cabinet.

The formal acceptance by ex-Governor John D. Long, of Massachusetts, of the portfolio of the Navy was received at Canton, Ohio, by Major McKinley, a few days ago. It has been known for two weeks that ex-Governor Long was to be in the Cabinet, but the exact place he was to receive has been in doubt, and was not finally settled till near the end of last week, when a letter to that effect was sent him.

JOHN D. LONG.

John D. Long is a type of a self-made American. He has represented his State (Massachusetts) in Congress, and three times filled the chair of Governor of that Commonwealth. He is a resident of the town of Hingham. Mr. Long was born in Buckfield, Me., October 27, 1838; entered Harvard University at the early age of fourteen years, and was graduated in 1857. Mr. Long became principal of the Academy at Westford, Mass. In 1861 he was admitted to the bar, and after practising a short time in his native town established himself in Boston in 1862. He was elected to the XLVIIIth Congress, and re-elected to the XLIXth, serving from December 3, 1883, to March 4, 1887. Governor Long's tastes are scholarly, and he varies the activities of professional and official life by the study of the classics and some literary work.

Sugar Trust Affairs.

John E. Searles, Secretary and Treasurer of the American Sugar Refining Company, was a witness in New York City before the Legislative Committee to Investigate Trusts. He said, among other things, that the company produces eighty per cent. of the refined sugar used in this country; that the issue of $75,000,000 of certificates represents less than $23,000,000 of actual value; that he paid $950,000 for stock on the North River Company and received for it $595,000 of stock in the American Company, and that dividends of about seventeen to twenty-two per cent. were paid.

Hanged for Burglary.

Monroe Johnston, colored, was hanged for burglary in the County Jail in Charlotte, N. C. Johnston was convicted of burglary at the house of Cowan Shields on the night of January 8, 1896. Miss Shields was awakened by some one fumbling over her bed. On making an outcry she was shot at twice and thrown over a trunk. Downstairs the burglar shot and wounded Mr. Shields. The latter recognized the voice and identified the face as that of Johnston.

The Business Revival.

Three of the steel works in Pittsburg, Penn., have resumed business, and the Westinghouse Electric Works are running on double time.

SWITZERLAND'S NEW PRESIDENT.

Dr. Adolph Deucher Again Chief Executive of the Little Republic.

Dr. Adolph Deucher, the newly-elected President of the Republic of Switzerland, does not go into this important office as a tyro. The doctor once before served as the Chief Executive of the stanch little Republic in the Alps. That was six years ago, and his administration was pleasing and satisfactory to the Swiss. Dr. Deucher is a native of Steckborn, in Thurgau, and was born in 1831. He went abroad for his studies and Heidelberg turned him out an M. D. He finished his medical studies at Zurich, Prague, and Vienna. He was chosen a member of the Canton Council in 1858, and in 1879 was sent to the prefecture of the Council. From 1869 until 1873 he was German member of the National Council. He then retired from public life and devoted himself to his profession till 1879, when he was re-elected to the Council. He was President of the Council from 1882 until 1883. Ten years ago Dr. Deucher was elected to the Federal Council of his country, and last year was made Vice-President of that body, which is equivalent to the Vice-President of the Republic. Switzerland always rewards its Vice-Presidents by promoting them to the highest office, and all the Swiss knew that the doctor would again fill the office he so well filled before. As President he retains the direction of the Department of Agriculture and Industry as a Federal Councilor, and the enlargement of his office will serve to assist him materially in the functions of these important internal services.

DR. A. DEUCHER, PRESIDENT OF SWITZERLAND.

RIOTING IN HAMBURG.

A Serious Outbreak Among the Defeated Dock Workers.

A big riot occurred in Hamburg, Germany, between the defeated striking dockmen and the police. Two men were killed and nineteen seriously wounded. Among the latter are five policemen.

The fighting became very serious, revolvers and sabres being freely used. The police were rapidly getting the worst of the contest, being greatly outnumbered by the raging mob of rioters, whose members were quickly swelled, not only by genuine workingmen, but by the hordes of vicious idlers about the harbor, who were only too anxious under the circumstances to engage with their natural enemies, the police.

Eventually reinforcements were hurried to the scene, and finally the rioters were dispersed with great difficulty. Later crowds of workingmen gathered in Sunct Pauli, Wilhelmsburg and Altona, all of which places are practically parts of Hamburg, and threatened vengeance on the police. Ninety-one of the rioters were arrested.

TRAIN HELD UP IN ARIZONA.

One of the Robbers Killed and Registered Mail Stolen.

Two robbers attempted to hold up the westbound passenger train on the Santa Fe line, sixty miles east of Kingman, Arizona. After stopping the train they made the fireman get off the engine and uncouple the express and mail cars. One of the robbers was standing near the engine and Messenger Sellers fired at him at short range. The robber fell dead. The other robber then compelled the fireman to get on the engine again and run the engine and express and mail cars up the road, where it was stopped and the robber made an unsuccessful attempt to get into the express car. The mail car was then entered and several registered packages were taken. The robber then disappeared in the darkness.

PICKED UP UNDER AN ENGINE.

Carried 300 Yards Before the Train Could Be Stopped, Yet Only Bruised.

Dennis Hamilton, an employee of the Erie Railroad, was walking on the track just above the station at Hornellsville, N. Y., when a fast passenger train came up behind him. The pilot of the engine knocked him down, and he was pulled up under the engine, between the pilot and the front pony trucks, and carried in this dangerous position over switches and frogs for nearly 300 yards. When the train was stopped the engine had to be jacked up to allow him to be taken out. He escaped with but a few bruises, and was able to walk home. The train was delayed half an hour.

DROPPED DEAD IN THE PULPIT.

Wife of a Revivalist Dies While Exhorting a Congregation.

Mrs. William J. Lee, the aged wife of the Methodist evangelist, the Rev. William J. Lee, dropped dead while exhorting the congregation in the Methodist Church at Felicity, Ohio. She was assisting her husband in his revival work, as had been her custom for years.

Women screamed and men wept at the sight of the white-haired evangelist who lay dead in the pulpit before them. The couple celebrated their golden wedding a few weeks ago at Piqua.

Drowned Herself and Children.

At Big Timber, Montana, the wife of John Cort threw her three children into the Yellowstone River and then jumped in after them. All were drowned, and the bodies have not yet been recovered. The cause of the tragedy is said to be domestic unhappiness. The three children were under two years of age, two being twins.

Women Suffrage Defeated in Nebraska.

The bill in the lower house of the Nebraska Legislature providing for a constitutional amendment giving women the right of suffrage was defeated, a motion to indefinitely postponed it being carried by a vote of 55 to 35.

Over the President's Veto.

The United States Senate by a vote of 57 to 1, passed the Texas Court bill over the President's veto. A question was raised over the power of Congress to recall a bill which had been sent to the President, but no decision was reached.

Steel Rail Pool Dissolved.

The Steel Rail Pool, composed of the Carnegie Steel Company, of Pittsburg; the Cambria Iron Company, of Johnstown; the Pennsylvania Steel Company, of Harrisburg; the Lackawanna Iron and Steel Company, of Scranton, and the Bethlehem Iron Works, of Bethlehem, has gone to pieces.

Policeman Killed by Masked Robbers.

In Central City, W. Va., three masked robbers shot to death Policeman Alex. McClarkey. The robbers had just held up two men and relieved them of valuables and McClarkey was in pursuit. A volley of bullets was fired at the officer and he fell with fatal wounds.

WARNING.

We wish to caution all users of Simmons Liver Regulator on a subject of the deepest interest and importance to their health—perhaps their lives. The sole proprietors and makers of Simmons Liver Regulator learn that customers are often deceived by buying and taking some medicine of a similar appearance or taste, believing it to be Simmons Liver Regulator. We warn you that unless the word Regulator is on the package or bottle, that it is not Simmons Liver Regulator. No one else makes, or ever has made Simmons Liver Regulator, or anything called Simmons Liver Regulator, but J. H. Zeilin & Co., and no medicine made by anyone else is the same. ● We alone can put it up, and we cannot be responsible, if other medicines represented as the same do not help you as you are led to expect they will. ● Bear this fact well in mind, if you have been in the habit of using a medicine which you supposed to be Simmons Liver Regulator, because the name was somewhat like it, and the package did not have the word Regulator on it, you have been imposed upon and have not been taking Simmons Liver Regulator at all. ● The Regulator has been favorably known for many years, and all who use it know how necessary it is for Fever and Ague, Bilious Fever, Constipation, Headache, Dyspepsia, and all disorders arising from a Diseased Liver.

We ask you to look for yourselves, and see that Simmons Liver Regulator, which you can readily distinguish by the Red Z on wrapper, and by our name, is the only medicine called Simmons Liver Regulator.

J. H. ZEILIN & CO.

Take
Simmons Liver Regulator.

Norfolk and Southern R. R

Schedule in effect Aug. 17, 1896.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays), leave Elizabeth City, at 11:40, A. M., and at 6:40 P. M. Northbound, daily, except Sundays leave Elizabeth City at 2:45 P. M., and 10:00 P. M. The trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk & Western depot, Norfolk; connect at Norfolk with all Rail and steamer lines, and at Edenton with Steamer for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong rivers; Transfer steamers to Mackey's Ferry, thence by Norfolk & Southern R. R. to Pantego and Belhaven, connecting with steamer Virginia Dare for Makeleyville, Aurora, Washington and all intermediate landings.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH AND OLD DOMINION LINE.

The steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6:30 P. M., for Newbern, connecting with the A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, Kinston and Morehead City, and with the W. N. & N. R. R. for Jacksonville, Wilmington, N. C., etc. Returning, leave Newbern Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island and Ocracoke going and returning.

Tickets on sale at Elizabeth City Station to Roanoke Island, Ocracoke, Newberne, Kinston, Goldsboro, Morehead City and Wilmington.

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route.

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President Street Station, Philadelphia, Pennsylvania R. R., Dock Street Station, New York, by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River, and Old Dominion Line.

For further information apply to M. H Snowden, Agent, Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern R. R. Company, Norfolk, Va.

M. K. KING, Gen'l Man'g'r. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen'l Ft & Pass'r Ag't.

GEORGE W. BELL,
Gun-Smith,

At the Old Stand on Road Street,
ELIZ. CITY, NORTH CAROLINA

FRED DAVIS
DEALER IN

COAL.

Coal of all sizes and of best quality; constantly on hand. All orders promptly are filled.

☞ All coal is screened before leaving the yard. Lowest prices guaranteed.

FRED. H. ZIEGLER,
Successor to John H. Ziegler,
Dealer in all Kinds of
Undertakers' Supplies,

From the Cheapest to the Best. All telegrams promptly attended to.

CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS,

when desired. The finest Hearse in the section. Rosewood, Walnut, Cloth covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty At the old stand on Ehringhaus Street.
☞ All kinds of Cabinet Work done.

T. P. WHITE,

BOOT & SHOEMAKER-2 nd door North of Poindexter Street Bridge.
☞ Patching and mending RubberBoots a specialty.

GROVES

TASTELESS CHILL TONIC

IS JUST AS GOOD FOR ADULTS.
WARRANTED. PRICE 50 cts.

GALATIA, ILLS., Nov. 16, 1893.
Paris Medicine Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Gentlemen:—We sold last year, 600 bottles of GROVE'S TASTELESS CHILL TONIC and have bought three gross already this year. In all our experience of 14 years, in the drug business, have never sold an article that gave such universal satisfaction as your Tonic. Yours truly,
ASBURY, GASS & CO.

Ripans Tabules cure dizziness.
Ripans Tabules cure dyspepsia.
Ripans Tabules: one gives relief.
Ripans Tabules cure constipation.
Ripans Tabules cure torpid liver.

The North Carolinian

Published Every Wednesday

THE OFFICIAL ORGAN OF BOTH THE CITY AND THE COUNTY.

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of interest in the Albemarle District solicited from all quarters.

AN IMPORTANT MATTER.

An astonishing state of affairs is said to exist in the grain trade at Baltimore. The elevators are full to overflowing, large quantities of corn have been kept in cars so long that it has spoiled, and there are not nearly enough vessels available to carry the grain to Europe. This unbusiness-like condition is due to the folly of sending more grain to Baltimore than her facilities could accommodate, and it has taught a lesson that will not soon be forgotten. Moreover, it has served to illustrate how largely American commerce depends upon foreign vessels for carrying service, and it sharply emphasizes the immediate necessity for a rehabilitation of our Merchant Marine.

THE CASE OF JUDGE NORWOOD.

The committee appointed to consider the case of Judge W. L. Norwood, of the 12th Judicial District, for drunkenness, indefinitely postponed that matter upon the Judge's filing his resignation with the Chairman of the committee, to take effect if he is again intoxicated while he is a Judge. He also gave his pledge to keep sober. Prominent members of the Bar, Democrats and Republicans, appeared before the committee, spoke of the Judge's high personal character and of his legal ability, and urged this action.

HOW TO DO IT.

The experience of the last two years teaches that it will profit the United States nothing to gain all the markets of the world, if at the same time it loses the greatest market of all—that created at home by the needs of a busy, prosperous and happy people. Let it make sure of the home market by securing to home industries the Protection which experience has proved to be necessary. Then by sensible Reciprocity provide for larger trade with the outside world. Thus only can depression be banished and good times restored. It's the way to do it.

SILVER DOLLARS.

Since November 1 the Mints have coined 5,426,250 silver dollars, or nearly three-fourths as many as were coined during the whole existence of the Government prior to the so-called "Crime of 1873." These 5,426,250 silver pieces have not passed into circulation, and they will not, for the simple reason that people don't want them. They have been packed away in storage vaults, and the Government, if we are to believe the free coinage wiseacres, is just that much richer.

Another popocratic genius has appeared in the Kansas Legislature with a bill which provides that all County offices in that State shall be put up at auction and sold to the lowest bidders. His idea seems to be that Kansas is so full of patriots who long to serve their native land that the State would be able toget its official work done at cut rates.

In case that Mr. Stevenson should make a tour of the world, as some of his friends say he will, he will undoubtedly get a rousing welcome when he strikes Spain. The dons, cavaliers and bull fighters all regard him as their Great and Good Friend.

Vice-President Cleveland remarks that he is happy, but not too happy, to retire from office. He is no hypocrite, whatever else may be said of him. He has enjoyed a fine, large, loose-fitting public snap for four years, and doesn't mind saying so.

An exchange remarks that a protective tariff "always prevents a deficit." It does. It prevents a deficit not only in the National Treasury, but in the workingman's pocket.

An Indiana poet and humorist has deserted the lecture field because he is "tired of being managed." Mr. Bryan left it for the same reason, conjointly with the fact that his talks are too tame for a speech and too political for a lecture.

One inspiring fact about the Republican party is that it never yet took hold of the government finances without improving them by wise legislation and ample revenue.

Dubois, of Idaho, declares that he will never, never return to the Republican party. A leading Republican editor says that if he will file bonds to that effect "all will be forgiven."

Peffer's book, "The Way Out," ought to be published as a sequel to Bryan's "The First Battle." We make this merely as a suggestion, without any idea that it will be acted upon.

Senator Grant thinks the Legislature will set till the 12th of March.

PROMISES RECALLED.

We cannot but remember the promises that were made to the people in 1892 of the universal beneficence which was to follow the inauguration of a Tariff for revenue only policy and with what prodigal bounty it was to benefit labor, increase the purchasing power of wages—decrease the price of everything it bought and increase the price of everything it made. —From McKinley's Veranda speeches.

We are beginning to remember those promises only as in a dream, though. The realities of partial Free Trade have been such that they have stamped themselves into the very lives of the people. Labor has been so degraded, wages so reduced, the distress and suffering under partial Free Trade have been so wide pread and so harrassing that they have tended to blur the remembrances of the glittering promises of good to come, made by the Free Trade orators in 1892.

There is such a wide gulf between the actual results of partial Free Trade and any good thing, evil being so inseparably associated with the thought of Free Trade, that it requires an effort to connect even a promise of good with it. But whether the promises of good are remembered or forgotten, one thing is sure, and that is that the ruin and disaster wrought by the trial of Free Trade will never be forgotten, and glittering promises of benefits to follow from Free Trade will never be listened to again in this generation.

Nearly all interest at Raleigh just now is centered on the lease of the North Carolina Railroad. No one can tell what the Legislature will do.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

SELECTED ITEMS.

[The following Items were set up by our 12 years old grandson, Master Rosser Cobbe, of Chicago, who is here on a visit. He was anxious to "learn to set type;" he went to the case, and these items are the result of not quite three day's practice.—EDITOR.]

Rev. Sam Jones would more creditably earn his daily bread by preaching Christianity as it is—not as he would have it appear.

William Waldorf Astor owns 4,000 houses in New York city, and has an income of more than $6,000,000 a year.

Queen Victoria is the owner of sixty pianos. It is urged in extenuation however, that she doesn't play any of them.

The old-fashioned woman who took her troubles to the Lord in prayer has been succeeded by the woman who takes hers to the editor of a woman's magazine.

Mr. Moody hires Tremont Temple Boston, on his own account, and takes up a collection at each meeting to defray the expense. The collections however, do not meet the rent.

The Buffalo Express thinks that after all, the Chicago girl who was shot by her lover, who didn't know it was loaded, was in comparative good luck. She might have lived and married the fool.

What Mr. Cleveland and the Democratic party will have to say of each other on the third of March cannot fail to remind one of what the monkey once said of his little affair with the parrot.

The cow is the basis of profitable stock farming. She yields a cash income from butter, keeps up the supply of farm animals with her offspring, feeds her young and the young pigs and farmers and makes the old man's boots after she dies.

Mr. Cleveland is said to be very fond of gingerbread. There are a good many other people in the country who like gingerbread also, but who haven't had an opportunity to eat much of it since Mr. Cleveland became President.

Col. Watterson wants the Democracy to stand by its guns. But that is just what it did the last time, and the gun burst, dispersing the party so widely that the Coroner has never been able to find enough of it to use in his business.

Senator Stewart, of Nevada, is fully convinced that good times are coming soon. Such being the fact, he should get off the track and avoid accidents.

State Geologist Holmes has secured for the State Museum one of the largest blocks of mica ever discovered in the mountain region. The block weighs over 450 pounds, and is about 34 by 26 and 18 inches in size. Usually the mica is gotten out in blocks from 4 to 6 and 10 inches in size.

The hunter's paradise in this country is beyond all question in North Carolina, and the fact is coming more and more to be recognized all over the United States. Sportsmen from the North come to the Tar Heel State every winter to fish in her waters and hunt in her forests.

An old rail fence that Lincoln is said to have built is pointed out to strangers on the premises of a Marion county, Kentucky, distillery. Lincoln's father and the father of Jefferson Davis were neighbors in that region, and are said to have fought side by side in a little brush with Indians near where the town of Springfield, Ky., now stands.

Ripans Tabules cure biliousness.
Ripans Tabules assist digestion.

Don't Tobacco Spit and Smoke Your Life Away.
If you want to quit tobacco using easily and forever, be made well, strong, magnetic, full of new life and vigor, take No-To-Bac, the wonder-worker, that makes weak men strong. Many gain ten pounds in ten days. Over 400,000 cured. Buy No-To-Bac of your druggist, under guarantee to cure, 50c or $1.00. Booklet and sample mailed free. Ad. Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or New York.

Condensed Testimony.

Cha's B. Hood, Broker and Manufacturer's Agent, Columbus, Ohio, certifies that Dr. King's New Discovery has no equal as a Cough Remedy. J. D. Brown, prop. St James Hotel, Ft. Wayne, Ind., testifies that he was cured of a cough of two years standing, caused by La Grippe, by King's New Discovery. B. F. Merrell, Baldwinsville, Mass., says that he has used and recommended it and never knew it to fail and would rather have it than any doctor, because it always cures. Mrs Hemming, 222 E. 25th street, Chicago, always keeps it at hand and has no fear of Croup, because it instantly relieves. Free trial bottles at Alex. Wadsworth's Drug Store.

Cures Nervous Troubles and Indigestion

Mr. W. T. Nelson, president of the Second National Bank, of Jackson, Tenn., says: "For indigestion and nervous trouble, I would rather give up any remedy than King's Royal Germatuer. As a nerve tranquilizer and restorative, it is all that can be desired. It is not a narcotic in any sense, but produces the happiest effects upon the disordered nervous system. I consider it an invaluable remedy, and have for several years been recommending it to my friends."

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

It is the same old story and yet constantly recurring that Simmons Liver Regulator is the best family medicine. "We have used it in our family for eight years and find it the best medicine we ever used. We think there is no such medicine as Simmons Liver Regulator."—Mrs M. S. Addington, Franklin, N. C. "each member of our family uses it as occasion requires."—W. B. Smith, Mt. Vernon, Ky.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

(From our Regular Correspondent.)

Washington, Feb. 12, 1897.

Senator Sherman has worked hard to get the Senate to dispose of the arbitration treaty this week, but so many new amendments have been offered and so much opposition has been manifested that he doesn't consider the outlook for disposing of the treaty at this session particularly good. It fact, it would not be surprising if he should quietly abandon the effort and let the treaty go over to the extra session of the Senate which will convene on March 4th. There is much that can be said in favor of such action on his part. If the treaty were temporarily dropped it would give the Senate more time to devote to a number of important measures that ought to be disposed of at the present session. The extra session of the Senate would have more time to give to the treaty, as it will have nothing else to do except to act upon the nominations of President McKinley. The attempt to keep the proceedings of the Senate in executive sessions secret has resulted as usual—in the publication of the substance of the proceedings daily.

The last formality, but one, needed to make Hon. William McKinley President and Hon. Garret A. Hobart Vice President was gone through when the Senate and House assembled in joint session, counted the electoral votes and officially declared the result of the balloting in the Electoral College. This ceremony, which took less than an hour to complete, was held in the hall of the House, Vice President Stevenson presiding with Speaker Reed seated on his right. There was no excitement as the votes of the several States were read out by the tellers, except that caused by the fainting of a woman in one the crowded galleries, and the only marked demonstration was the round of applause which greeted Mr. Stevenson's announcement of the totals and the election of McKinley and Hobart.

The Senate committee on Naval Affiars have settled, so far as it lies in the power of a committee, the long drawn out controversy over the price the government should pay for armor plate for its fighting vessels, by deciding that $400 a ton shall be the price and providing for the establishment of a government plant to make the armor, if the two companies having plants refuse to furnish it at the price stated.

The much amended Immigration bill has at last reached the White House, and it is supposed that it will in due time become a law, although Mr. Cleveland threatened to veto it before the last amendments were added.

Considerable surprise is felt by Senators and Representatives at the attempt of Senator Allen to make a sensation out of the movement among some of the wealthy friends of Gen. Nelson A. Miles, Commander of the U. S. Army, to raise a fund for the purpose of presenting him with a house in Washington, and more at the action of Mr. Allen in offering a resolution prohibiting the acceptance of any gift of value by any officer on the active list of the Army or Navy. This action on the part of Mr. Allen is merely a bid for the support of the anarchsstic element, which hates Gen. Miles for his very prompt action in putting down the Chicago rioters who were destroying property and interfering with the U. S. mails. When it is remembered that Gen. Miles, like all or the commanders of the army since the war, is poor, and that Generals Grant, Sherman and Sheridan were each presented with residences by their civilian admirers, it is difficult to see any harm in the same being one for Gen. Miles, or any necessity for a law saying that it shall not be done for any other officer who is fortunate enough to have admirers who have money they want to dispose of in that manner. It is no exaggeration to say that since Senator Allen entered the Senate he has been the author of more buncombe resolutions and bills than all the rest of the Senators added together.

THE LEGISLATURE.

Local bills continue to be introduced in the House. Among the general bills passed were: Bill providing that magistrates' terms of office shall begin as soon as they qualify; bill empowering the Governor, in extraordinary cases, to convene special courts for the trial of capital cases and also to convene the Supreme Court in such cases passed and was amended so as to provide that courts shall be convened only at the request of the sheriff and chairman of the county commissioners; bill allowing Washington county to levy a special tax to build an iron bridge at Mackey's Ferry; bill to protect deer in Tyrrell county; to provide for and promote the oyster industry of the State; bill to amend the law regarding fertilizers by providing that if the analysis show the presence of deleterious materials publication shall be made and such fertilizers be seized; bill making it a misdemeanor to interrupt a public speaking, punishable by a fine not to exceed $50 and imprisonment thirty days.

Everybody Says So.

Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the most wonderful medical discovery of the age, pleasant and refreshing to the taste, act gently and positively on kidneys, liver and bowels, cleansing the entire system, dispel colds, cure headache, fever, habitual constipation and biliousness. Please buy and try a box of C. C. C. to-day; 10, 25, 50 cents. Sold and guaranteed to cure by all druggists.

CASTORIA.

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

Did you Ever

Try Electric Bitters as a remedy for your troubles? If not, get a bottle now and get relief. This medicine has been found to be peculiarly adapted to the relief and cure of all Female Complaints, exerting a wonderful direct influence, in giving strength and tone to the organs. If you have loss of appetite, constipation, headache, fainting spells or are sleepless, nervous, excitable, melancholy or troubled with dizzy spells Electric Bitters is the medicine you need. Health and Strength are guaranteed by its use. Large bottles only 50cts at Alex. Wadsworth's drug store.

HOW TO FIND OUT.

Fill a bottle or common water glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stains linen it is postive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

WHAT TO DO.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet, both sent free by mail, mention the CAROLINIAN and send your full post-office address to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. The proprietor of this paper guarantees the genuineness of this offer.—34-29.

Nourish Him.

That's the whole secret in a word. We can cure no disease unless we can keep up the patient's strength. And there's only one way to do that—feed him. But if the system refuses food? Then use SCOTT'S EMULSION of Cod-liver Oil with Hypophosphites. It goes STRAIGHT TO THE BLOOD, stops the wasting, rekindles the vital fire, makes new flesh and so renders a hopeful fight possible against ANY disease.

Especially is this so in bronchial and lung troubles, in the relief and cure of which Scott's Emulsion has won its reputation. Book about it free.

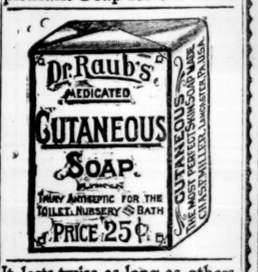
Scott's Emulsion is no mysterious mixture. It is palatable, non-nauseating and infinitely preferable to the plain oil. The genuine has our trade-mark on salmon-colored wrapper. Get the genuine.

For sale at 50 cts. and $1.00 by all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, New York.

"Nothing else like it:"

The most refreshing and pleasant Soap for the skin.



It lasts twice as long as others.
A trial will convince you of its great merit. Will please the most fastidious.

CHARLES F. MILLER,
Mfr. of FRENCH MILLED TOILET SOAPS AND PERFUMERY,
Lancaster, Penn.
ESTABLISHED, 1849.

Ripans Tabules cure indigestion.
Ripans Tabules cure liver troubles.
Ripans Tabules: pleasant laxative.
Ripans Tabules cure bad breath.
Ripans Tabules: for sour stomach.

A Check For $700.

There was once a comedian who outfinanced Edward E. Rice. Startling as the statement may seem, it is nevertheless true that when this farceur retired from Mr. Rice's company he owed the manager $700. To Mr. Rice the condition was not alone unusual—it was also irksome. One morning, when he was fretting under it, he learned that the actor had secured a first rate engagement at a large salary. He sat down and wrote an urgent letter, finishing with a demand for an immediate remittance of "a check for 700." In due course he received a communication by mail containing a heavy metallic disk. The letter read:

"Dear Ned—Yours received. Find inclosed, as requested, check for 700."

The metallic disk was a C., B. & Q. railroad baggage check numbered 700 —New York Herald.

Getting Ready For a Fight.

On the way to Richmond Sherman paid but slight attention to dress, but when he did the staff knew something was going to happen. "There is going to be a fight today, sure," said Colonel Audenreid of the staff one morning.

"How can you tell?" asked a comrade.

"Why, man, the general's over there by the fire putting on a clean collar."

That day Cheraw with 40 cannon fell into the hands of the army.—Human Documents.

Caleb Haley & Co.

COMMISSION DEALERS
—In all kinds of—
FRESH FISH,

1 & 4 FULTON FISH MARKET,
New York.

Special attention given to the sale of NORTH CAROLINA SHAD.
☞ Stationary and Stencils, with shipping mark, forwarded upon application.

A. W. HAFF,

Successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish, Lobsters,
Etc., Etc.
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK,
North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
☞ Agents.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,

Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER
106 FULTON MARKET,
New York
North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
Stencils furnished at a moment's notice
References:—Guirkin & Co., Bankers both City, N. C, and other Financiers when desired

L. W. Wright. John Davis.

L. W. Wright & Co.,

Wholesale Commission Dealers in all
—Kinds Of—
Fresh Fish,

Lobsters, Soft Crabs, Terrapin, Etc.,
105 Fulton Market, N. Y.
SOUTHERN SHAD A SPECIALTY.
Consignments Solicited,
Prompt Returns

S. L. STORER & CO.,

Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
Fresh Fish,

Lobster, Turtle, &c.,
No. 10, Fulton Fish Market,
New York,
☞ If your Stencil is not in good order let us know. We employ no agents and pay no no commissions.

Davenport, Morris & Co.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND

DEALERS IN FISH,
Richmond Va,

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited and proceeds remitted in cash. On account of intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market.

Notice of Administration

Having qualified as Administrators of the estate of the late Sarah J. Eves dec'd, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. December, 10th, 1896.

J. P. EVES,
W. W. EVES,
Administrators.

BULL'S Cough Syrup

The People's Friend. In use for fifty years. Cures Cough, Cold, Croup, Whooping-Cough, Grippe, Bronchitis, Asthma and Lung Affections. DR. BULL'S COUGH SYRUP is sold everywhere for only 25 cents. Refuse cheap substitutes.

Chew LANGE'S PLUGS, The Great Tobacco Antidote. 10c. Dealers or mail. A. C. Meyer & Co., Balto., Md.

Knowing that satisfied customers are better than any newspaper advertisements, our aim is to give the greatest value possible for the money, and to satisfy customers both in cost and quality of goods bought.

GOLD & HOOPER

No merchants can charge you double the value for an article and be merchants long. Buyers are too intelligent to be deceived.

GOLD & HOOPER

To reduce our large stock of Winter Suits, Men's and Youths' Overcoats and Ladies' Cloaks and Capes, we have made great reduction on each. Before buying any Clothing you would do well to examine our goods and learn prices.

Our stock consists of General Dry Goods, Oil and Rubber goods, Gents' Furnishing goods, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Jewelry, Notions and anything else you want. Call and see us. Water street, near Arlington Hotel.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets CURE CONSTIPATION

REGULATE THE LIVER
10¢ 25¢ 50¢
ALL DRUGGISTS

CANDY CATHARTIC — ..... CASCARETS taste good. Eat them like candy. They remove any bad taste in the mouth, leaving the breath sweet and perfumed. It is a real pleasure to take them instead of nauseating liquids or cannon-ball pills.

PURELY VEGETABLE — ..... CASCARETS are purely vegetable and contain no mercurial or other mineral poison. They are one of the latest remedies discovered and are a scientific combination never before put together in any form.

ANTISEPTIC LAXATIVE — ..... CASCARETS are antiseptic. That means they stop undigested food from souring in the stomach, prevent fermentation in the bowels and kill disease germs of any kind that breed and feed in the system.

LIVER STIMULANT — ..... CASCARETS tone the stomach and bowels and stimulate the liver, thus making it work. They strengthen the bowels and put them into vigorous healthy condition, making their action easy and natural.

..... CASCARETS increase the floor of mucous tissue in the stomach. A taste of CASCARETS by the mother makes her milk mildly purgative and has a mild but certain effect on the baby, the only safe laxative for the babe-in-arms.

BOON FOR MOTHERS

..... CASCARETS are liked by the children. They taste good and do good, stop wind-colic and cramps, and kill and drive out worms, and all kinds of parasites that live in the bowels of the growing child.

PLEASE THE CHILDREN

..... CASCARETS, taken patiently, persistently, are guaranteed to cure any case of constipation, no matter how old and obstinate, or purchase money will be cheerfully refunded by any druggist.

CURE GUARANTEED

..... CASCARETS are sold by all druggists for 10c, 25c, 50c a box, according to size. A 10c box will prove their merit and put you on the right road to perfect and permanent health. Don't risk delay.

HEALTH FOR 10 CENTS

☞ Don't judge CASCARETS by other medicines you have tried. They are new, unlike anything else that's sold, and infinitely superior.

CCC The only genuine. Beware of imitations!

Try a 10c box to-day, if not pleased get your money back! Larger boxes, 25c or 50c. Sample and booklet mailed free. Address STERLING REMEDY CO., CHICAGO, MONTREAL, CAN.; NEW YORK. 208

NO-TO-BAC cures Tobacco Habit or money refunded. Makes weak men strong. Sold and guaranteed by all druggists. Get booklet.

NORTH CAROLINA, Dare County. } In the Superior Court.

Buffalo City Mills, Limited, Plaintiff, *against* American Exchange Bank, of Buffalo, The People's Bank, of Buffalo, William A. Ensign and Charles A. Ensign, defendants. } ORDER.

THIS cause coming on to be heard upon the affidavit filed in this cause and other evidence taken, and it appearing to the Court that after due diligence the defendants cannot be found in the State of North Carolina, and it appearing that the plaintiff has a good cause of action against the said defendants, over which this Court has jurisdiction, and it appearing that the defendants own property in said State:

1. It is therefore ordered, decreed and adjudged by the Court that publication be made in the "North Carolinian," a newspaper published in Elizabeth City, North Carolina, for six successive weeks notifying defendants to appear at the next term of Superior Court holden for the County of Dare on the 9th Monday after the first Monday in March, 1897, and answer or demur as they may be advised, or judgment will be taken against them.

2. The defendants are further notified that attachment has been issued and levied against the property of the defendants in Dare County, North Cerolina, and the object of this action is to recover against the defendants the sum of Twenty-one Thousand Two Hundred Dollars, with interest thereon from the 3d day of November 1893 until paid, the same being due by contract.

3. It is further ordered that publication of this order shall be sufficient notice to the defendants.

J. B. JENNETT,
Clerk of Superior Court of Dare Co. N. C.
January 22, 1897.

E. F. AYDLETT,
Att'y for plaintiff

Kamer Bros. & Co.,

(INCORPORATED)
ufacturers of and Dealers in
KILN & AIR DRIED
LUMBER
—AND—
Building Material
Truck Boxes
—AND—
CRATES

Now is the time to place your order the latter for the Spring Shipping

IS YUR NERVE GONE?

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets Will Restore Nerves, Brain, Blood and Muscles to Health and Vigor.

The Kola nut has been used for centuries by Africans as a renewer of the tissue and preventive of fatigue.

Dr. Charcot, the eminent authority on nervous diseases, prepared a prescription from Kola which he vouched for as a tonic specific in all nervous diseases and a sure invigorator for the blood.

Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are prepared upon the above mentioned prescription from the fresh nuts especially imported from Western Africa.

Kola is not a cure-all. It is a food for nerves, brain and muscles and a tonic for the blood.

Kola Nervine Tablets are absolutely certain and speedy in their effects. They cure all nervous diseases, prevent fatigue, renew failing vigor, give tone to the whole system.

Kola Nervine Tablets cures sleeplessness and the nervous troubles from which sleeplessness comes. They are specific in cases of nervous dyspepsia.

The druggists say the demand for the Tablets is astonishing. Kola is what the debilitated want.

Thousands of packages have been sold. Good effects were felt at once.

Hundreds of letters say: "One package of the Tablets, costing $1.00, has done for me what physicians, who cost me $100, failed to do."

We absolutely guarantee that no harmful or secondary effects are felt from the use of the Kola Tablets.

Can you, in justice to yourself, refuse to pay $2 a day for sure relief from neuralgia, bloodlessness, brain fatigue, sleeplessness, nervous dyspepsia loss of vigor, melancholia and all the evils resulting from a nervous condition? Ask yourself the question with all seriousness.

Dr. A. C. Sherwin is one of the best physicians in New England. He writes:

"Hotel Pelham, Boston, Dec. 6th, 1895.—Gentlemen: I am prescribing Dr. Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets for Nervousness, Insomnia, Dyspepsia and Neuralgia, with excellent results. I have no hesitation in stating that they are infallible in all forms on nervous diseases. Their invigorating properties are wonderful.

Yours truly, A. C. Sherwin, M. D.

Edward Everett Hale, D. D., the famous author of "The Man Without a Country," in an editorial in the Boston Commonwealth, and later in a personal letter, wrote thus:

"I am assured by a careful inquiry among the leading physicians and personal friends who have used them and in whom I have the utmost confidence, that Dr Charcot's Kola Nervine Tablets are invaluable in insomnia and all nervous diseases.

Edw. E. Hale.

Fifty Cents and $1.00 per box (one month's treatment). See Dr. Charcot's name on box. Kola booklet free. All druggists or sent direct. Eureka Chemical & Manufacturing Company, La Crosse, Wis., and Boston, Mass.

THE ATLANTIC COLLEGIATE INSTITUTE,

SCHOOL FOR BOTH SEXES.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

The 19th Annual Session Opens September 21st, 1896.

This school prepares for business life or for entrance to higher institutions of learning, including the U. S. Military and Naval Academies.

Exceptionally fine advantages offered in instrumental and vocal music.

Diplomas are awarded students completing courses of study.

Students of this school are admitted to the University of North Carolina and to Wake Forest College upon certificate.

Full faculty of six regular teachers besides special instructors. Rates of tuition and board very low.

Write for Catalogue. Address,
S. L. SHEEP, President,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
Elizabeth City, Pasquotank Co., N. C.

Meeting of Stockholders

Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad Company, 74 Broadway, New York. Jan. 23d, 1897.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Stockholders of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad Company for the election of nine directors and the transaction of other business, will be held at the office of the Company in Norfolk, Va., on Thursday, March 4th, 1897, at 9 o'clock, A. M.

Transfer books will be closed February 1st, and re-opened March 5th, 1897.

By order of the Board of Directors.

M. W. DOMINICK, Secretary.

Wanted—An Idea Who can think of some simple thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDERBURN & CO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C., for their $1,800 prize offer and list of two hundred inventions wanted.

Improve your Time

BY HAVING

YOUR WATCH

REPAIRED BY

HATHAWAY BROS.

Reliable Jewelers.

North Carolina

Iron Works

AND

Supply House.

Machine Shop & Foundry,

MACHINERY OF ALL KINDS

Made and Repaired.

Steamboat & Mill Work a Specialty.

ELIZABETH CITY, N C.

We are prepared to do Saw-Mill and Steamboat work and General Machine and Foundry work of all descriptions. Our tools consists of 16 to 48 inch Lathes and can turn Shafts 16 feet long. Planers 42 by 42 inches by 16 feet long.

We carry in stock a full line of Bogy and Dry Kiln Wheels; also Standard Grate Bars, and are prepared to furnish Boiler Fronts and general Foundry work on short notice.

We are prepared to do our own pattern work and we guarantee our work and prices to compare with any other city.

We carry in our Supply Store a full line of Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, Wastes, Babbit Metal, Files, Belt Dressing, Engine and Rubber Packings, Lubricators, Steam Guages, Brass Goods of all kinds, Belt Lacing, Pipe and Pipe Fittings and Boiler Tubes.

We also handle Wood and Iron Pulleys, Hangers, Boxes, Collars, Shafting. Couplings and Rubber Roofing Paint. And are agents for Wood Working Machinery, Engines and Boilers and Machery of all description and Gasoline Engines and Launches.

For further information, address,

J. H. PARTRIDGE,

P. O. Box 220. Manager.

DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—Charles C. Pool; Commissioners—Palemon John, Thomas A. Commander, Alson B. Seeley B. Frank Spence and Wm. W. Griggs. Clerk, Charles A. Banks; Treasurer, Geo. W. Cobb; Constable and Chief of Police, Wm. C. Brooks; Street Commissioner, Reuben W. Berry; Fire Commissioners, Allen Kramer and Fred. H. Zeigler.

Collector of Customs—Jas. C. Brooks.

Postmaster—E. F. Lamb.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden. Meet on the 1st and 3d Wednesdays of each month at the corner of Road and Church Sts

CHURCHES.

Methodist: J. H. Hall, pastor; Baptist, C. S. Blackwell, pastor; Episcopal, L. L. Williams, rector. Presbyterian, F. H. Johnston, pastor.

Colored—Methodist, P. E. Anderson, pastor; Corner Stone, Z. H. Berry, pastor; Olive Branch, Lake Pierce, pastor; Sawyer's Chapel, J. C. Coleman pastor. Antioch, Presbyterian, S P Smith, pastor,

LODGES.

Masonic Eureka Lodge No. 317, Dr. W. W. Griggs, W. M.; G. W. Brother, S. W.; E. F. Lamb, J. W.; D. R. Bradford, Sec'y; Moses Weisel Treas. Meets 1st and 3d Tuesday nights.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge No. 14; C. W Belange, N. G.; W. H. Ballard, V. G.; H. O. Hill, Sec'y; M. Wescott, Treasurer.

Talula Encampment No. 8; W. H. Ballard, C. P.; C. M. Burgess, H. P.; Maurice Wescott, S. W.; W. A. Jones, J. W.; H. O. Hill, Scribe; G. W. Twiddy, Treasurer.

Royal Arcanum, Tiber Creek Council No. 1209; H. O. Hill, Regent; D. A. Morgan, Vice Regent; C. Hankins, Orator; W. H. Zoeller, Secretary; E. M. Cook, Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer. Meets every 1st and 3d Monday nights.

Knights of Honor; R. B. White, Dictator; J. H. Rugle, Vice Dictator; T. J. Jordan, Reporter; T. B. Wilson, Financier Reporter; W. J. Trafton, Treasurer. Meets 1st and 4th Friday.

Pasquotank Tribe No. 8, I. O. R. M.; J. P. Simpson, sachem; W. S. Sanford, Sr. Sagamore; Will Anderson, Jr. Sagamore; C. W. Baliage, Prophet; James Spires, C. of R.; S. H. Murrell, K. of W. Meet every Wednesday night.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Commissioners: E. C. Kramer, chairman; F. M. Godfrey, W. J. Williams. Standard Keeper. A. L. Jones.

Sheriff, Thomas P. Wilcox; Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman; Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper; Treasurer, John S. Morris; County Examiner, Gaston Pool.

SCHOOLS.

Public School, W. M. Hinton, Principal.

Atlantic Collegiate Institute, S. L. Sheep, Prest.

Select School, I. S. Tillett, Principal.

State Colored Normal, P. W. Moore, Principal.

Hotels

New Albemarle House

Mr. & Mrs. SAWYER Props,

Cor. Main and Road Streets, Elizabeth City, N. C. First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table. Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 per day.

WOODARD HOUSE

EDENTON, N. C.

This well established Hotel offers first-lass accommodations to travelers.

FIRST-CLASS BAR ATTACHED

☞ Sample Rooms for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances furnished when desired. Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers.

Terms Reasonable.

J. B. Leigh. Isaac Meekins

LEIGH & MEEKINS,

Attorneys-at-Law.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Practice in the District and Federa Courts. Collections promptly made.

Ripans Tabules.

Ripans Tabules cure nausea.

Ripans Tabules: at druggists.

Ripans Tabules cure headache.

Ripans Tabules: gentle cathartic.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday, February 17, 1897.

☞ Did you get a Valentine?

☞ Was it come, or sentimental?

☞ The Net fishermen are at work and the Seine men are getting ready.

☞ Our farmers are utilizing all the favorable weather preparing for planting.

☞ If this is the sort of weather the ground hog bargained for the contract cannot be canceled too soon.

☞ Over six inches of snow in New York and in Chicago on Saturday. No wonder that we have had disagreeable weather here.

☞ The steamer "Burruss" brought from Hyde county on her last trip over 4000 robins to be reshipped for the Northern markets.

☞ We learn that our young townsmen Messrs Cam Melick, Tho's Old, Ja's Hathaway, Lester Winder, Jo's Kramer, Benj. Armstrong and Gaston Bell have been selected as Assistant Marshals at the Newberne Fair next week.

☞ Caleb Haley & Co., Commission Dealers in Fish, Fulton Fish Market, New York, insert their "ad" in the CAROLINIAN. This old and reliable firm needs no endorsement from us, as they are well and favorably known by our fishermen.

☞ A couple of weeks ago two young men at Gum Neck, Lewis Dillon and Alonzo Johnson, got in a friendly tussle during which the latter picked up a pistol, supposed to be empty, and on snapping it at Dillon it discharged a ball, striking him in the head, from which he died several days after. It was another case of "didn't know it was loaded."

☞ We acknowledge a pleasant call a few days ago from our venerable countyman and friend Elisha Harris. The 3rd inst was the anniversary of his 81st birth day. As has been the custom for years, it was celebrated by his children, 25 grand children and 20 great grand children. There are men in this county who at the age of 55 are not as hale and vigorous as is our esteemed old friend May he live to see and enjoy many more birthday anniversaries.

☞ We had an agreeable surprise on Monday—a visit from our old personal and political friend, Aug. M. Moore, esq., who for several years has been a resident of Mt. Vernon, Washington, and is now on a visit to his old home in Edenton. He is the same genial, affable and entertainting "Gus Moore" he always was. He gave us much interesting information about the far Western country, its industries and possibilities, but says that as a result of the Wilson tariff it has been financially ruined. All parties out there are now Protectionist.

☞ A petition has been circulated and, through misrepresentation and miapprehension, has been signed by a number of citizens, asking the Legislature not to pass the bill to amend the Town Charter. The proposed amendments are three in number:

1st. To change the number of days the registrars shall set from 15 to 2—the two preceding Saturdays before the election, but requiring that all who apply between those dates shall be registered. As the number of new names in each Ward will not average over 50, this will afford ample time and opportunity for all, and will save not less than $75 to the Corporation.

2nd. To give the Town authorities the power to grant franchises to parties or companies willing to build Water Works, Street Railways and other enterprises which are becoming public needs. The Corporation cannot undertake them without an act of the Legislature authorizing the levying of special taxes. Unless this change is made in the Charter it will be a long time before any of these needed improvements will materialize.

3rd. To change the rate of taxation from 50 cents to "not to exceed 60 cents" on the $100 valuation. At the present rate the revenue does not and will not meet the current expenses of the Corporation, keep up absolutely necessary repairs, light the town and meet its obligations. The populated area has largely increased during the past year. Being citizens and taxpayers, they demand street improvements, electric lights and fire wells. With the present revenue these just demands can not be met. If this amendment to the Charter is defeated, there are two things that should and *will be done.* The heaviest expenditure is the cost of the Electric Lights. The number will have to be diminished, and those retained fairly distributed so as to reach the populated area now without them, giving Preyortown Sawyertown, Georgetown, Butttown and the other parts of the City now in darkness their just proportion.

Are those who were induced to sign the petition prepared for this? With the above explanations, they can see that there is no "politics," no personal "axes to grind" in the proposed amendments; that they are really what every public spirited citizen should endorse, and that their enactment will promote the public good.

☞ See advertisement of Vick's Floral Guide.

☞ The "second round" of Presiding Elder Tyer's appointments appear in another column.

Shoes, Shoes, Shoes, at rock bottom prices at Fowler & Co.'s

The 15c Windsor Ties at The Fair are equal to any in town at 25c.

☞ Good values in Dress Goods and Hosiery at Fowler & Co's

☞ Dry food is much best for the chickens.

☞ To the inquiry of our Gum Neck correspondent we answer, yes.

☞ Burying the grain is a good way to get rid of idle hens.

☞ That Kid Glove Moses Weisel is celling for 79c is a corker.

☞ The latest reports from Senator Pritchard is that he is still a sick man, but believed to now be out of danger.

☞ Men's all wool Sweaters 75c at Fowler & Co.'s.

☞ The attention of Fishermen is called to the advertisement of L. W. Wright & Co., Fish Dealers, Fulton Market, New York.

For Gum Boots and Oil Clothing write to Fowler & Co. Bottom prices.

Shad Nets, Gill Twine or Seine Twine in large quantities or small quanties at Fowler & Co.'s.

☞ There is a misapprehension in regard to the Fish bill passed by the Legislature. It simply prohibits the use of the long drift nets, but does not disturb or interfere with regular set nets.

☞ The man who has no happiness in life is one who doesn't wear Moses Weisel's perfect fitting shirts.

☞ A bill has passed the Legislature making Palemon John, Wm. J. Griffin, M. B. Culpepper, Hugh Cale and R. O. Preyor a Board of Directors for the colored Normal School at Elizabeth City.

☞ Its a peach! that $1.25 Overcoats for boys at Moses Weisel's, sizes from 5 to 13 years, with capes.

☞ Died at his residence on the morning of the 14th inst., Nathan White, in his 89th year. He was the oldest citizen of Belvidere; a worthy man and a life-long member of Friends' Religious Society.

☞ The man who doesn't turn up at Moses Weisel's Gents Furnishing Goods sale is very apt to be turned down by judges of elegant styles.

☞ Good horses and good vehicles count for nothing if the road is poor. Says a sensible rural poet:

We'd not of bad roads have a mile,
If men were horses for a while.

The celebrated "Crack Proof" Children and Misses Shoes at The Fair are just the thing for school. Try a pair.

☞ This is a time when people want to economize, but in doing so it will puzzle most of them to decide what is economy. Merely stopping an expenditure is sometimes the greatest waste.

☞ The CAROLINIAN is requested to announce that the noted Evangelist W. H. Frost, will begin a series of revival meetings at the Tabernacle, on Poindexter street, on the 17th inst, at 7 o'clock P. M. He will be accompanied by the great gospel singer, C. P Curry. A cordial invitation is extended to the public.

☞ How are you off for Blankets. We have 'em, the best to be had from 50c the pair to $5. Moses Weisel.

☞ A wise man doesn't like to admit that he has been foolish twice in the same way. If he forgets to buy his Neckties of Moses Weisel one day, he manages to drop into the store the next time he needs a supply.

☞ Demorest' Magazine improves with each number. The illustrations in the March number are notably handsome, and almost without exception every page is illustrated. The stories are excellent and the articles are timely and interesting. All the various departmens, for which Demorest's is noted, are full of valuable information.

☞ A large quantity of Dress Overcoats received November 23rd at Fowler & Co's, and will be sold at half price. Call and examine.

A WORD ABOUT BRICK: Everybody needing Brick want a good quality—an article that will wear and last. The Thompson Works manufucture the best for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F. G Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N. C

☞ Two fires in one night is an unusually thing for Elizabeth City, but they happened on the night of the 10th inst., between midnight and morning. The first was the old unoccupied building on the Southwest corner of Road and Church streets. In seven minutes the Engine of the Fire Department was throwing water on the burning building. About five hours later a second alarm again brought out the "Fire Laddies." It was a building in the rear of the dwelling occupied by Judge Albertson, on Road street. At both the Fire Company did prompt and effective service.

LOCAL MENTION.

The sun rose this morning at 6:48 and will set to-night at 5:45.—The less dignity a man has the less he is apt to assert it.—There have been a number of cases of "grippe" in town and county.—More new buildings going up.—Mrs. A. Huckabee, of Edenton, has been visiting relatives and friends in the city.—Mr. W. J Broughton is building an addition to his Machine Shop on Poindexter street—It is said that to open the gates of Paradise two must turn the key.—We se that our young townsman, Mr. S. S. Lamb, now of Chapel Hill, has been elected to fill the vacancy on the staff of the "Tar Heel" caused by the resignation of Mr. E. K. Graham. Our young friend will accept our congratulations.—Mrs. C. R. Bell, of Baltimore, is here on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Burgess, on West Fearing street.—Truth is ever friendly, no matter how much it frowns.—The Jingler remaks that

"Still waters run deep," but the thing
that "knocks"
Is the dashing tide; it gets onto the
rocks.

—A man's that wise will advertise.—Miss Maggie Bell has been off on a visit to friends at Edenton.—Another large cargo of coal has been received at Davis' yard.—Mrs. J. H. Knight of Norfolk, is visiting Mrs. H. M. Fearing, on Lawrence street.—An egotist is said to be one who believes exactly opposite to what you do.—Miss Clara Bray is off on a visit to Raleigh.—Our popular young townsman, Mr. John D. Sykes, who attended the Baptist Young Peoples Union Convention at Raleigh last week, was appointed a member of the Committee on Enrollment.—"They say you have no sympathy for the struggling poor;" said a down town citizen to another the other day "Me?" said the accused gentleman; "I have nothing but sympathy."—Have plenty of "backbone," but keep it straight.—A dangerous misfit is thus stated by the Versifier:

Even a naturally honest man
May schemes of evil hatch,
When he finds his responsibility
And his salary do not match.

—Mrs. Mattie Leary is off on a visit to friends at Edenton.—Mr. J. C. Meekins, of Columbia, spent several days in the city last week.—Don't forget the rights of others.—Miss Zena Wilson, of Washington, is here visiting friends in the Second Ward.—"Well, little chap," said the stranger in the family, picking up one of the children, "what are you going to be when you're a man?" "Nuffin," said the child. "Nothing? Why so?" "Because I am only a little girl."—Dr. J. H. White is able to be up and at his office again. He has a large dental practice.—Mr. J. S. Cartwright, who is a drummer for a large Philadelphia house, is at home on a short visit.—Fine rock and shad, from the pound nets, have been in market the past week. They are selling at good prices.—A covetous man is continually robbing himself.—Whoever has good temper will be sure to have many other good things.—The Albemarle Fire Company have asked for and received fire proof coats for their pipe men. They were much needed.—Writes the Rhymster:

On either hand,
We name our blessings whence they're
sprung,
We call our country Father land,
We call our language Mother tongue.

—The Weather man says that if the clouds at sunrise be red, there will be rain during the day.—Rev. Dr. C. S. Blackwell, who attended the Baptist Young Peop'es' Union Convention at Raleigh last week, was re-elected President.—No man or woman is ever sorry for doing their level best.—"You are quite up to date, aren't you?" she yawned as the clock struck 12. "Ah, well, really," he stammered. "I mean," she interrupted, "you are quite the latest thing." He took the hint and departed.—We learn that Capt. Peter Davis, the popular commanding officer of the steamer Neuse, plying to and from Newberne, is about to remove his family here and make Elizabeth City his future home. The CAROLINIAN extends a cordial welcome.—A Sympathizer says he has a friend who has found out that there is more than one variety of lily! When first he called her "lily" he referred to that pure kind,
So white and calm and digaified, so
gentle and refined;
But since they've wed and have at
times a little passing row,
To him she really seems more like a
tiger lily now,

—Mr. J. H. Harris, the genial and popular representative of the well-known and reliable firm of Caleb Haley & Co., of New York, see advertisement in another column, is again in our midst. He called and paid his respects. He has hosts of friends here.—Mr. John D. Fulmer has removed his family from Philadelphia back to Elizabeth City. They will occupy the house on the southeast corner of Martin and Fearing streets.—Two drunks, one white and one colored, in the Mayor's Court on Monday.—A Public Libary is one of the needs of Elizabeth City.—The steamer Plymouth is on Scott's Ways for repairs.—We acknowledge a call on Monday from Rev. P. R. Anderson, pastor of the Colored Methodist Church here. He impressed us favorably as a man of culture, broadminded and progressive.—Mr. S. S. Fowler has been summoned to the bedside of his son, Roy, at Philadelphia, who is lying in a very critical condition because of an accident cause by a trolly car collision.—Mr. D. B. Squires, of Camden, called and paid his respects on Monday.—It was at the Dentists

His hand lay on her hair,
And her face so fair,
Uplifted to his, bespoke the truth;
And he, with subtle care
Her thought did fully share,
A shriek, a whizz! he had the tooth

—Mrs. F. M. Cook, jr., entertained a large number of friends at a birthday party on Monday night at her home on West Main street.—Mr. Charles Williams died at his residence in the First Ward on Monday morning.—The new Cotton Factory is now running on full time.—Mrs. Zach Goodwin died at her residence on Parsonage street on Monday night.—Representative W. G. Pool made a flying trip home on Saturday and returned back to Raleigh yesterday.—The Albemarle House has closed. We think it will only be temporary.

Second Round—A. P. Tyer, P. E.

Camden, Newland,	Feb. 20	21
Pasquotank, Newbegun,	" 27	28
Elizabeth City,	"	28
Hertford,	March	7
Chowan, Anderson	"	8
Perquimans, Bethuny,	" 13	14
Currituck, Ebenezer,	" 17	18
Edenton,	"	21
Gates, Zion,	" 27	28
Notth Gates, Parkers,	" 28	29

A Sure Thing for You.

A transaction in which you cannot lose is a sure thing. Biliousness, sick headache, furred tongue, fever, piles and a thousand other ills are caused by constipation and sluggish liver. Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the wonderful new liver stimulant and intestinal tonic are by all druggists guaranteed to cure or money refunded. C. C. C. are a sure thing. Try a box to-day; 10c., 25c., 50c. Sample and booklet free. See our big ad.

WHY will you buy bitter nauseating tonics when **Groves Tasteless Chill Tonic** is as pleasant as Lemon Syrup. Your druggist is authorized to refund the money in every case where it fails to cure. Price, 50 cents

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For Infants and Children.

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Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25c per box. For sale by Alex. Wadsworth

W. H Morris,

Veterinary Surgeon.

Having made the Diseases of Horses a special study, is now devoting attention to their cure. He has had marked success in treating staggers, affections of the lungs, lock jaw, etc. He also treats all Domestic Animals.

☞ Examinations at his office on Main street, Elizabeth City, N. C., FREE OF CHARGE.

Honest Money

Is not alone that which you earn, but that which you save. Come here to-morrow, come any day of the week, come when you will and see if the money we save you is not as honest in your pocket as it would be in the till of those who would

Charge You

more for goods. We have Child's Cape Overcoats, sizes 9 to 13 years, at $1.25, we will guarantee cannot be matched in the city at the price. We also have a

Man's Suit

square cut, color blue, for $2.50 that is a corker. We also have higher price Suits, goods that are equally as cheap, for $5.00 $5.50, $6.00, $6.50, $7.50 and up.) We have

Dress Goods

that are the very latest 1896 Fall Styles from 10 cents to $2.00 per yard, a wide range of prices you will say, but the assortment is complete and fashionable.

Shoes

in an endless assortment and prices the very lowest. Investigate and know for yourself we are positively the lowest price house in the city.

Moses Weisel,

ELIZABETH CITY, N.C

BRANSON'S - - -

New State Directory of North Carolina

Should be in the office of every business man in the State, as well as those who do business with the State. Price $5. Order of Levi Branson, Raleigh, N. C.

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FERTILIZERS.

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REFERENCES: Guirkin & Co., bankers, Hughes & pritchard, J. B. Flora & Co., Robinson & Co., Elizabeth City, N. C.

Notice of Administration.

Having qualified as Administrator of the late Jabe Burgess, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to his estate to come forward and make immediate settlement and those holding claims against the same to present them for payment within twelve months from the date of this notice, or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery. January 9, 1897.

GEORGE BURGESS, Adm'r

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OUR COLORED PEOPLE

[Items of interest concerning the Colored People will regularly appear in this column.]

BY SPECIAL REPORTER.

Subscribe for the CAROLINIAN.

Prof. Moore has returned from the State Capital.

Rev. J. A. White, of Warrenton, is in the city.

Mr. James Manley, of Tarboro, has been spending a few days with us.

Mrs. Martha Jones returned to her home at Plymouth on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Wadsworth, from near Edenton, spent Sunday in the city.

The revival services at Mt. Lebanon continues with increasing interest.

Rev. C. C. Somerville, of Fayetteville, arrived Saturday.

Mr. Hugh Cale and wife have removed to Washington, D. C.

Rev. Dunstan and Miss Payte, of the Roanoke Institute, are among the sick this week.

The Valentine Entertainment was interesting and successful. The literary features were good and the Valentines amusing.

On next Sunday night Rev. P. R Anderson will deliver a special sermon to the young men of the city.

Rev. Herritage, from Edenton, was down on Sunday and, as usual, entertained his congregation.

Mrs. Fanny Banks, relic of the late Jerry Banks, died on Sunday.

Rev. Richard Dix, of Norfolk, will preach at Moses' Temple, near town, on Sunday next.

Miss Phoebe Price, who has been in Brooklyn for several years, is visiting her mother on Dry Point.

We are glad to note the re-appearance on the streets of our erstwhile reporter F. W. M. Butler, who for the past few days has been contending with the grippe.

Some very excellent lectures and addresses are announced to be delivered at Corner Stone Church this week by Revs. Whitted, M. W. D. Norman, Dunstan, Prof. Moore and others.

Among the aspirants for Recorder of Deeds in the District of Columbia are Hons. I. H. Smith and John C. Dancy of this State.

The following bills introduced in the Legislature may interest readers of this column: To aid the Fair; to change the Directors of the Normal School; to establish a Training School for Teachers; to aid the Normal and Industrial Institute; and to divide the entire appropriations for the Normal work in the State equally among the Normal Schools.

CURES..... SUMMER DISEASES

The Ideal Remedy for all diseases of the stomach and bowels, such as Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Cramps, Loss of Appetite, etc., is that standard of all medicines,

DR. KING'S

ROYAL GERMETUER.

Thousands of Certificates attest the fact.

Mr. L. T. Collier, Kosciusko, Miss., says: "My bowels would act from ten to twenty times a day, of a bloody, mucus nature. My kidneys were very badly out of order. I was treated by the best physicians, and they said I could live but a short while. I then commenced using Royal Germetuer. In three weeks I could eat anything, and do as much work as ever. I continued the Germetuer, and can testify that I am entirely cured, and that Germetuer did the work."

☞ It is as pleasant to take as lemonade, and builds up from the first dose. It cures disease by removing the cause.

Sold by Druggists, One Dollar.

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ELIZABETH CITY STATE COLORED NORMAL SCHOOL.

320 young men and women, representing 24 counties, have received instruction in this institution since its opening in 1886. A large number of these have taught successfully in the public schools of the State. The school affords thorough and practical instruction in normal and scientific branches and SPECIAL instruction on good MORALS and MANNERS. Competent instructors are employed. Tuition is free. Board ranges from $6 to $7 per month.

The sixth annual session begins September 14th, 1896, and closes the fourth Friday in May, 1897. If you have a son or daughter to educate, consult the Principal, or write to him for a catalogue.

P. W. MOORE, A. M.,
Elizabeth City, N. C. Principal

Roanoke Institute,

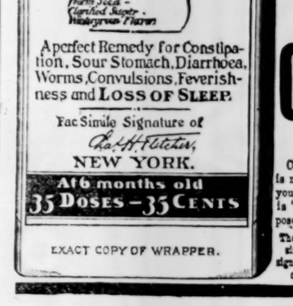
—FOR—

Males and Females,

This young institution offers first-class advantages to young men and women seeking an education. There are four departments of study, viz: Primary, English, Industrial and Theological. Instructors will be employed in each department eminently capable of doing excellent work in the school room. Special attention to Vocal and Instrumental Music. For further information apply to

M. W. D. NORMAN, A. M.
President

Elizabeth City, N. C.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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES – 35 CENTS

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Castoria is put up in one-size bottles only. It is not sold in bulk. Don't allow anyone to sell you anything else on the plea or promise that it is "just as good" and "will answer every purpose." ☞ See that you get C-A-S-T-O-R-I-A.

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We do Not Have to Talk a Man to Death

to sell our goods. We buy from first hands in large quantities and receive a fresh supply daily. We make a specialty of Fancy Groceries and Canned Goods, and pride ourselves on the fact that while the quality is 'way up in G the prices are very competitive. Nothing gives us more pleasure than to show goods, because in this doing we are sure to secure trade.

Prices and Quality Sell the Goods.

In addition to our already large stock of Groceries, Immense supply of Sugars, Cargoes of Flour, and general Wholesale and Retail Supplies, we have recently added Lime, Cement and Builder's Material generally. We can guarantee these goods. Long experience and practical knowledge with the trade has taught us a thing or two and we are ready to convince you. Our

Wholesale Department,

like our Retail Department, is always kept up-to-date. Right here let us say that in the matter of buying we have saved money for others and can do so for you. We know what we are talking about and mean business. Call on us; you'll find us sociable, we have been since we were a boy.

W. J. Woodley, No. 138 and 140 Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

Dress Goods.

Unusual good value in Plain and Fancy Spring and Summer Dress Goods at Fowler & Co's

Hosiery

Before buying your Hosiery, examine the prices and qualites at Fowler & Co's.

Clothing.

Fowler & Co. are offering some Special Bargains in lothing. Some heavy weight or Winter Clothing will be sold for about half their value

Fowler & Co.'s Store is full of new goods and new prices. Give them a call.

1849 VICK'S FLORAL GUIDE 1897

Standard Seed and Plant Catalogue. Contains all that's New and Good. Always Reliable.

THE GUIDE and your Choice { One packet either Wonderful Branching Aster, New Japan Morning Glory, or Pansy Choice mixed, for / Two packets 25c., three packets 30c. Full retail price 15 cts. } 15 CTS.

Vick's Illustrated Monthly Magazine which tells how to grow Plants, Flowers and Vegetables, and is up to date on these subjects, for 3 months, the Guide and One packet of Seeds (named above) for 25 cents.

Every tenth person sending an Order as above will receive a coupon good for 50 cents' worth of Seed free

When ordering state where you saw this, and we will send a packet of Flower Seeds free

JAMES VICK'S SONS, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

VICK'S ILLUSTRATED MONTHLY MAGAZINE

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THE WORLD ALMANAC AND ENCYCLOPEDIA .... FOR ....

1897

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A COMPLETE statistical and political history of the United States. The results of the Presidential election accurately compiled. Every fact of value that human knowledge can require. A reference library boiled down!

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No American who wishes to know his country can be without it.

Ready Jan. 1, 1897.

THE WORLD, Pulitzer Bldg., New York

A. P. T. L.

The American Protective Tariff League is a national organization advocating "Protection to American Labor and Industry" as explained by its constitution, as follows:

"The object of this League shall be to protect American labor by a tariff on imports, which shall adequately secure American industrial products against the competition of foreign labor."

There are no personal or private profits in connection with the organization and it is sustained by memberships, contributions and the distribution of its publications.

FIRST: Correspondence is solicited regarding "Membership" and "Official Correspondents."

SECOND: We need and welcome contributions, whether small or large, to our cause.

THIRD: We publish a large line of documents covering all phases of the Tariff question. Complete set will be mailed to any address for 50 cents.

FOURTH: Send postal card request for free sample copy of the "American Economist." Address Wilbur F. Wakeman, General Secretary 105 West 23d Street, New York.

Adventurers in Trouble.

A taste for adventure will lead men many lengths. A Russian nobleman named Maligan has just been sentenced by the Dutch authorities in the island of Java to twenty years in prison after being captured leading the fierce native insurgents at Lombok, where so many Dutch soldiers were massacred. The English authorities at Suakim are now engaged in investigating the case of a former Austrian cavalry officer captured in the attire of a Dervish while on his way to rejoin the Mahdi at Khartoum. The officer is believed to be a member of the princely house of Schwartzenburg, who deserted from his regiment in Austrian Poland four years ago. In Tonkin the French authorities have recently arrested, court-martialed and shot a Swede and a Dane whom they caught leading native bands of insurgents.

Queer Way to Pay Debts.

The Hindoos had a very curious custom until the English put a stop to it in 1861. It was a sort of judicial suicide. The person who had been injured by another, or to whom another owed money, would sent himself on the other's doorstep and stay there until he starved to death or was given satisfaction. To make this a more serious matter, a Brahmin was often hired to perform this ceremony, it being a mortal sin to cause the death of Brahmins, who, for the same reason, were exempted from capital punishment by the English until 1867. The mendicant fakirs often took advantage of this custom to extort money from the wealthy Hindoos. Recently it has been discovered that a somewhat similar custom prevailed in ancient Ireland.

Served Three Monarchs.

Edward Pye, a gardener of the Great Park at Windsor, died a few days ago at the age of eighty-three. Pye must have served at least three sovereigns—George IV, William IV, and then, for close upon six decades, Queen Victoria.

Big English Estate.

The largest estate in England's Probate Court last year was that of Sir Charles Booth, whose fortune had its source in breweries. His estate was valued at $9,650,000.

The New Hampshire Legislature subscribes and pays for four daily papers for each member.

One woman in Honolulu professes to be one hundred and twenty-four years old.

The Searcher.

The searcher after truth is generally rewarded, although it is said that "Truth lies at the bottom of a well." We need something when we are afflicted with neuralgia to search out the seat of the pain, or the pain spot, and as St. Jacobs Oil's mission of good is to penetrate and search out the hidden misery, it goes through like an "X" ray, and conquers and subdues the pain. All pain trouble of a nervous nature needs careful treatment and patience. The afflicted nerves must be soothed into submission, and stimulated into healthful action, so as to restore. This is the virtue of the great remedy for pain, and it is, therefore, well known as the best. It may be called the searcher after the truth of our bodily ailments.

The ground hog failed to see his shadow, indicating that the backbone of winter is broken.

When bilious or costive, eat a Cascaret, candy cathartic; cure guaranteed; 10c., 25c.

Through Car Service—New York to Nashville, Tenn.

The Pennsylvania and Southern have inaugurated a through Pullman Sleeping Car Line between New York and Nashville, Tenn., via Washington, Asheville and Chattanooga. The new line passes through the scenic Western North Carolina, the "Land of the Sky," and gives the most excellent service between New York and Nashville. The through car leaves New York daily at 4.30 P. M. For further information, call on or address New York office, 271 Broadway.

Red, angry, sleep-destroying eruptions yield to action of Glenn's Sulphur Soap. Of druggists. Hiff's Hair & Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50c.

Cascarets stimulate liver, kidneys and bowels. Never sicken, weaken or gripe; 10c.

Now

Is a good time to put your physical system in good order by purifying your blood and building up your health in order to avoid sickness. Take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier

Hood's Pills do not cause pain or gripe. All druggists. 25c.

REVOLVER FREE. WATCH FREE

138 other articles. Cost nothing. Read our offer

FREE

Every person who cuts this out and sends to us, naming express office, will be entitled to 1 automatic, double action, 8 A & W, model 32 or 38 cal. 12 Revolver, 1 solid nickel stem wind and stem set Watch, elegant rolled gold 11 Vest Chain, 6 triple silver plated Tea Spoons worth $1, pair gold plated 11 Cuff Buttons, gold plated Watch Charm worth 10c., 1 fine diamond solid gold 75 Scarf Pin, 1 doz. Collar Buttons, 100 Envelopes, 1 doz. high grade Lead Pencils, 1 Lead Pencil Sharpener, 1 Pocket Memorandum and 1 Perpetual Button Hole Bouquet.

All we ask, in order to introduce our cigars, is that you allow us to send in your name package 40 of our finest 5c. Cigars, valued at $4.00. Full examination allowed. Remember, you only pay $4.00 for cigars, and the 140 articles named above are free. If you don't consider the lot worth $10 what we ask, don't pay 1 cent. Address WINSTON MFG. CO., Winston, N. C.

PENSIONS, PATENTS, CLAIMS. JOHN W. MORRIS, WASHINGTON, D. C. Late Principal Examiner U. S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs. in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty. since.

VINEGAR BEST. Made at home for a trifle. Receipt 10c. H. D. BENNET, Parkville, Brooklyn, N.Y.

ADVERTISING IN THIS PAPER PAYS. NYNU—6.

OPIUM HABIT AND **DRUNKENNESS** Cured in 10 to 20 Days. No Pay till Cured. DR. J. L. STEPHENS, LEBANON, OHIO.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION

Poisonous Plants.

When we take into consideration the poisonous qualities of the vegetables and plants with which we are surrounded, we are led to wonder how it is that children and heedless persons go about and escape with their lives. Little children especially, who have the habit of putting so many things into their mouths, ought to be carefully watched.

It will surprise many persons to be told that old potatoes which have sprouted contain a definitely recognized poison known as solanine. New potatoes, which are so eagerly sought after early in the season, would be poisonous if eaten raw. The heat of cooking destroys their toxic qualities. The root of the common kidney bean is a most powerful narcotic. The jimson weed is dangerous to life. The bark of the common elder is a deadly poison, which fact was never suspected until five boys near Tarrytown, N. Y., chewed the stalks, supposing they was sassafras. They all died within a few hours. The bulb of the narcissus is deadly poison. A small bit chewed may cause death, while to chew the leaves is to put oneself in danger of the most violent attack of vomiting. Yewberries are deadly; peach pits and cherry kernels contain prussic acid, and any quantity of them eaten may prove fatal. Wild parsnip has many ills laid at its door, although families claim that they have saved the seeds of the wild parsnip and cultivated therefrom roots that were used as food without any injurious effects. It would be well for the Agricultural Department to publish a bulletin containing the names and description of injurious plants, and scatter copies of it broadcast through the country. Who knows how many children die of diseases induced by eating some familiar plant!—New York Ledger.

Gum-Chewer's Tongue.

It is admitted by all sensible people that every pleasure has its attendant pain, and that for every indulgence we must pay a penalty more or less heavy.

It is a new idea, however, that the gum-chewer is in danger of a disease that unless checked may be the direct cause of a serious malady that will in a short time prove fatal. It is in addition a most painful ill, and one which will at first prove an unsolvable problem to the inexperienced practitioner.

The symptoms are a sensation as though the tongue had been burned by a scalding drink. This is followed by red spots, and inflammation along the sides of the tongue near the root. The back of the tongue becomes irritated, and round, red, raw-looking patches appear.

It would be interesting to study these indications and learn just how widespread this disease is. Certainly those who have suffered from it are fully alive to its unpleasant possibilities, and as it seems to have escaped the notice of most medical men, or the conditions having been attributed to other causes, a thorough investigation would be of great service to humanity and of much interest to science.—New York Ledger.

A Corn Cure.

As corns are one of the universal pests of suffering humanity, any remedy that promises relief is looked upon with approval. The world is full of so-called corn cures and corn eradicators, but nine-tenths of them are worthless and some of them positively injurious. The following is given by the Scientific American, which fact commends it to all persons who know the standing of that valuable paper: "Salicylic acid, 30 grm.; Cannabis Indica (Indian hemp), 5 grm.; Castor oil, ½ dram; Collodion, ½ oz." The result is a clear, light-green solution. There should be no difficulty in its preparation. To prevent it from evaporating keep the solution in a stoppered bottle. Be sure and use Indian hemp, and not the American article; the latter is not easily soluble. Mix. Apply morning and evening for four days. Then soak the feet in warm water.

Big Betsy and the Ball.

Mrs. Betsy Mullins, of Walden's Ridge, Tenn., has been invited to a ball, which she wishes to attend. Betsy weighs 580 pounds, and has grown so big she cannot get through the door of her cabin, and she has remained in her house with a jug in easy reach from which she dispensed moonshine whisky to her customers. She wants to attend a dance to be given by one of her customers next Wednesday, and her friends have undertaken the job of building a tramway down the mountain, and if a platform car can be made to work the end of Betsy's house will be removed, and she will be loaded on the car and sent to the "flat woods." She will be the guest of honor at the ball.—New Orleans Picayune.

Highest Peaks in North America.

For many years prior to 1890 Mount St. Elias, with its sky-piercing altitude of 19,500 feet, enjoyed the distinction of being the highest peak on the North American continent. The second highest peak was thought to be Mount Popocatepetl, the great smoky mountain of Mexico, its altitude being 17,600 feet. Within the last few years, however, a peak has been discovered in Canada, several miles northwest of Mount St. Elias, which is claimed to be several hundred feet taller than the former mountain. Also a volcano has been discovered in Mexico 600 feet taller than Mount Popocatepetl.

The Earl of Kenmare, owner of the tract of land upon which the recent bog slide occurred, is one of the largest landowners in Ireland, possessing over 80,000 acres in Kerry alone.

Sarsaparilla Sense.

Any sarsaparilla is sarsaparilla. True. So any tea is tea. So any flour is flour. But grades differ. You want the best. It's so with sarsaparilla. There are grades. You want the best. If you understood sarsaparilla as well as you do tea and flour it would be easy to determine. But you don't. How should you?

When you are going to buy a commodity whose value you don't know, you pick out an old established house to trade with, and trust their experience and reputation. Do so when buying sarsaparilla.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla has been on the market fifty years. Your grandfather used Ayer's. It is a reputable medicine. There are many sarsaparillas. But only one Ayer's. IT CURES.

ELECTORAL VOTE COUNT.

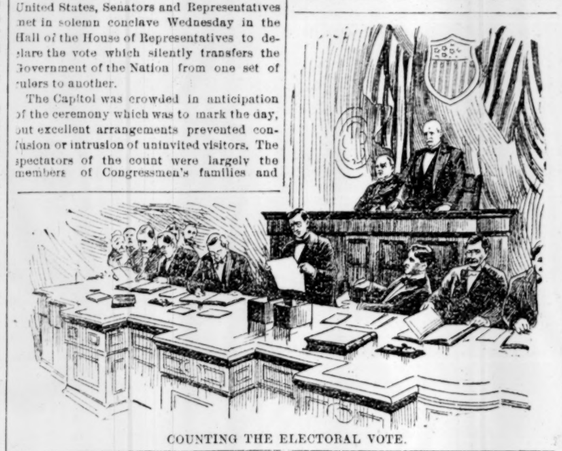
Congress Formally Declares McKinley and Hobart Elected.

THE CEREMONY IN THE HOUSE.

Senators Met in Joint Session With the Representatives—Vice-President Presided Over the Important Formality—McKinley, 271; Bryan, 176; Hobart, 271; Sewall, 149; Thomas E. Watson, 27.

WASHINGTON, D. C. (Special).—For the twenty-seventh time in the history of the United States, Senators and Representatives met in solemn conclave Wednesday in the Hall of the House of Representatives to declare the vote which silently transfers the Government of the Nation from one set of rulers to another.

The Capitol was crowded in anticipation of the ceremony which was to mark the day, but excellent arrangements prevented confusion or intrusion of uninvited visitors. The spectators of the count were largely the members of Congressmen's families and



COUNTING THE ELECTORAL VOTE.

their intimate friends, the galleries, by resolution, having been reserved for their use. One section of about 200 seats was thrown open to the public.

The Executive and Diplomatic galleries were reserved for those entitled to occupy them under the rules. For the accommodation of the Senate and its officers 100 additional chairs had been placed on the floor of the House.

The members of the Senate appeared at the north door promptly at 1 o'clock p. m. headed by Vice-President Stevenson, Sergeant-at-Arms Bright and Secretary Cox, and their presence was formally announced to the House by Doorkeeper Glenn.

The Representatives rose to their feet, and remained standing until the members of the upper house had found the places assigned to them. Next came two Capitol policemen bearing the mahogany box in which the certificates of the result of the election in the several States had been placed by the Vice-President as they had been received by him from the messengers appointed to bring them to the Capitol.

Vice-President Stevenson, according to the terms of the law under which the joint convention assembled, occupied the Speaker's chair. Mr. Reed sitting at his side.

The tellers for the House were Mr. Grosvenor, of Ohio, and Mr. Richardson, of Tennessee; for the Senate this duty was performed by Senators Blackburn, of Kentucky, and Lodge, of Massachusetts.

The Vice-President with ceremonious solemnity unlocked the electoral box and took out the envelopes containing the certificates of the Electoral Colleges, each envelope being signed by all the electors of the several States, and securely sealed. As each certificate was opened the vote of the State was announced and tally was kept by the tellers of both Senate and House.

Senator Blackburn read the certificates. Senator Lodge alternated with him in the reading process. As the count proceeded and the House tellers, Messrs. Grosvenor and Richardson, took a hand, the reading of the full text of the certificates was abandoned, the tellers confining themselves to a simple statement of the result as disclosed by the documents before them.

The official count was announced at 2 o'clock as follows:

For President of the United States—William McKinley, 271; William J. Bryan, 176.

For Vice-President of the United States—Garret A. Hobart, 271; Arthur Sewall, 149; Thomas E. Watson, 27.

The Vice-President thereupon declared William McKinley and Garret A. Hobart respectively elected President and Vice-President of the United States. The Vice-President added that this declaration was in law sufficient, and that the joint session was adjourned. A burst of handclapping followed this statement, and the great audience quietly dispersed.

ROBBED OF $30,000 OF SILVER.

A Pack Train Laden With Bullion Overcome by Robbers.

The owners of the Julio mine at Sombrerete, Mexico, have just suffered a loss of about $30,000 by the robbery of a large pack train of burros loaded with silver bullion. The pack train was on its way from Sombrerete to San Felipe, from which place the bullion was to be shipped by the railroad to market. A mounted guard of armed men accompanied the train, as is the custom there.

While passing through the mountains twenty miles from Sombrerete, a band of robbers attacked the conductor. Several members of the guard assisted in the capture of their companions and the robbery. The burros were driven into the mountains with their precious burden, and have not yet been found. The faithful members of the guard were bound and left lying by the trail, where they were found several hours later.

FASTEST TORPEDO BOAT.

The Test of No. 6, Off the Harbor of Newport, Showed Great Results.

United States Torpedo Boat No. 6 proved herself to the naval officers in a trial run off Newport, R. I., not only to be a remarkable craft, but also probably the most speedy in the world, when continuous running is taken into consideration. The true official figures on the run give her a speed of only 28.72 to 28.78 knots, but it was quite apparent to those on board that the boat was not forced to her limit, and that she might be rated as a thirty-knot boat if in the hands of a trained crew, for at no time was the steam limit of 225 pounds reached, nor did her propeller reach 400 revolutions per minute, while there was every indication that she was equal to much above this.

Prohibition Restored in Iowa Cities.

A great sensation has been caused at Des Moines, Iowa, by the decision of the Supreme Court that the Mulct Liquor law does not apply to cities under special charters. This restores the prohibitory law in Davenport, Dubuque, Cedar Rapids, Keokuk and several smaller cities.

Woman Suffrage in Massachusetts.

The Massachusetts Legislative Committee on Constitutional Amendments voted to report an amendment to the Constitution striking out the word "mate," thus giving to women the full right of suffrage.

Cycling Notes.

Connecticut has 80,000 bicycle riders.

Although Dr. Charles John Ellicott, the Bishop of Gloucester and Bristol, England, is in his eighty-seventh year, he is an enthusiastic wheelman.

Several of the younger officers on the flagship New York have bicycles on board, which they ride between decks on a course about one-sixteenth of a mile in circumference.

News comes from Russia that cycling is rapidly superseding skating.

Many of this year's tandems will be equipped with a central front chain, thereby narrowing the thread and dividing the strain. A mud guard under the tube prevents the dirt thrown by the front wheel from reaching the chain.

Despite the prophesy that this year would mark the abolition of the chain as a means of transmitting power on a bicycle only one chainless wheel was on exhibition at the bicycle fair in New York.

The average pedestrian moves about thirty inches at each step. The wheelman mounted on a bicycle of average gear covers about eight and a half feet at each downward movement of the legs, which makes half a revolution of the pedals.

In Paris tricycling is becoming a pastime of the past, although with a chosen few the electric bicycle is gaining in favor. The electric is a very clumsy looking version of the ordinary bicycle, but very delightful to ride as you need "pedal" but in a perfunctory manner, and your machine speeds onward like the wind. Quite like Darius Green's famous "flying machine."

THE BRADLEY MARTIN BALL.

Splendid Costumes, Beautiful Decorations and Artistic Dances.

The much-heralded fancy dress ball given by Mr. and Mrs. Bradley Martin took place at the Hotel Waldorf, New York City, Wednesday night. Preachers had discussed it in their pulpits, and other preachers had given interviews to the press about it. Social reformers had expressed their disproval of the event because a half-million dollars was to be spent for one night's pleasure of a thousand wealthy men and women. In fact the social function at one time threatened to become an international issue.

The ball began at midnight and ended at 5 o'clock a. m. The cost, the hostess was about $125,000, and it will go down in history as a riot of color and display. It will be classed with the Schermerhorn fancy dress ball of nearly half a century ago, the Prince of Wales's ball and the Vanderbilt ball. But it eclipsed all of these. It is the crowning glory of the social life of New York of this century. It may not be surpassed in another hundred years. It was a gorgeous, superb and wonderful spectacle.

Twelve hundred invitations had been issued for the event, but little more than half the number of those invited were in attendance. Of those that came, also, quite a number left early.

Many seemed to have put in an appearance simply out of curiosity, to witness the really superb decorations of the ballroom and the unique spectacle of a large number of persons, prominent in social circles, arrayed in the picturesque costumes of two, three, and four centuries ago.

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Outside the hotel the crowds became so dense that at 10 o'clock the police, who were present in large numbers, were obliged to clear Thirty-third street, in order to allow the carriages of the guests to deposit their owners and make an exit quickly. In Fifth avenue the jam was even greater, and for a great mass of people stood packed together to look at the carriages. The guests began to arrive at 11 o'clock, and they had not all arrived at midnight, the hour when the first quadrille was announced to begin.

The guests alighted at the door of Mr. Boldt's residence, west of the hotel, where the sidewalk was canopied for 100 feet. The second floor of the house was given over to dressing rooms and hairdressers, maids, valets, armor bearers and ladies in waiting on the kings, queens, princes, princesses, courtiers and other representatives of past century life who were Mrs. Martin's guests. "Costumes of the sixteenth, seventeenth and eighteenth centuries" were demanded in the invitations to the ball.

The time of Louis XV. and Louis XVI., the gayest and most profligate regimes of the court at Versailles, was best represented. The Louis XV. epoch was in Mrs. Martin's mind when arranging the floral and tapestry decorations. In no more appropriate way could the lavish display of pink roses, garlanded and in loose profusion, have been used.

The costume of Mr. Bradley Martin himself was a court dress of the time of Louis XV. It was made of white and pink brocaded satin, with knee breeches and white and silk hose. Diamond buckles were on his low, red-heeled shoes. Mrs. Martin's costume was a copy of an old painting representing Mary Queen of Scots. She wore a long robe of black velvet, made full on the hips and with a long, pointed bodice, with a petticoat of embroidered white satin. A jeweled stomacher and black velvet pointed cap, trimmed with jewels. Mrs. Martin wore many of her wonderful diamonds and pearls.

It was after midnight when Mrs. Bradley Martin, dressed in her Mary Stuart costume had received her guests. Immediately afterward the first quadrille, led by Mrs. Martin and John Jacob Astor, was begun.

Utah's New Free-Silver Senator.

JOSEPH L. RAWLINS.

(New Free-Silver Democratic Senator from Utah, elected by one majority.)

Canal Bill Withdrawn.

Senator Morgan, who has been in charge of the Nicaragua Canal bill, formerly withdrew it. It was, therefore, displaced on the Senate calendar and cannot be taken up this session. Mr. Morgan prefaced his withdrawal of the bill by a bitter attack on Great Britain, whose influence, he asserted, had been actively exerted to prevent American control of the canal.

Greece Bards the Turk.

Greece despatched her torpedo flotilla, under command of Prince George, to Crete, with instructions to use every means to prevent the landing of Turkish troops on that island. Italy is concentrating her warships and may convoke the Chamber of Deputies

California Oranges for Florida.

Shipments of California navel oranges to to Florida have begun from Pomona, near Los Angeles. Orders have been received for a weekly consignment of oranges until March 15. Lemons are also being sent in large quantity to Florida.

Prominent People.

Governor Foster of Louisiana is making a pleasure trip through Central America.

Professor Koch, the great German scientist, has gone to India to study the plague.

Katzuo Hatoyama, a graduate of Yale in the class of '78, has been elected Speaker of the Japanese Parliament.

Andrew Carnegie is very hopeful of the general business outlook, and looks for a slow but sure improvement.

Mulhall, the noted statistician, spent over forty years in accumulating the material for his one volume of statistics.

The Sultan of Turkey decorated Sir Ellis Ashmead Bartlett, M. P., in recognition of his support in the British House of Commons.

Charles W. Brooke, the criminal lawyer, died at the Smith Infirmary, New Brighton, Staten Island, of blood poisoning, due to cancer.

For the twelfth time in succession the Prince of Wales has been nominated for the office of Grand Master of English Mark Masons.

Dr. Perrine, Mrs. Cleveland's stepfather, has just come into a large fortune in Florida lands, patents for which are ordered issued to the Perrine heirs. The amount to be divided is 23,000 acres.

The example of Prince Carl of Bavaria who is well known as a physician, has been followed by his cousin, Prince Louis Ferdinand, who, after studying in Munich hospitals, has set up as a gynecologist in Nordhausen.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

The Pan-American Medical Congress has presented a report to the United States Senate asking for Government and State aid in bettering the public health.

The Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee decided to fix the tariff on nails at half a cent a pound.

The Agriculture Appropriation bill was passed by the Senate.

The Navy Department received a report from Admiral Bance on the heroism displayed by officers and men of the Maine in the great gale of Saturday.

Spain in reply to the intercession of the State Department, has consented to release Julio Sanguily.

The State Department has ended the Kellett incident. It has filed all the papers connected with the alleged "outrage" committed upon the United States Vice Consul General at Bangkok by Siamese soldiers, and has determined to let the matter drop.

The Senate in executive session, began consideration of the arbitration treaty after rejecting Mr. Hill's motion to discuss it in public.

Republican members of the Ways and Means Committee decided to make no change in the tariff on steel rails.

The Civil Service Commission made its annual report to President Cleveland.

Colonel Robert E. A. Crofton, commanding the Fifteenth Infantry, United States Army, has been placed on the retired list by the President, under the sixty-two-years-of-age law.

Senator Aldrich and other friends of the Nicaragua Canal bill have had conferences with Speaker Reed and other House leaders during the day regarding the possibility of the bill being brought up in the House in case it should pass the Senate. The result has been the bill will be abandoned in the Senate.

Domestic.

It is estimated that it will take three weeks and cost $50,000 to repair the damage to the cruiser Brooklyn.

A. L. Garford, of Elyria, Ohio, was elected in New York City President of the National Board of Trade of Cycle Manufacturers.

Armand Castelmary died on the stage of the Metropolitan Opera House, New York City. He was playing Tristano in "Martha." His fall upon the stage and subsequent motions were applauded by the audience, who supposed the veteran French singer was acting.

A cartridge exploded on the battle-ship Maine. Three men were hurt, two of whom are painfully injured.

John P. Green was promoted to be First Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to succeed Frank Thomson.

The east-bound fast mail on the Union Pacific Railway was wrecked at Omaha, Neb. The fireman was killed and the engineer fatally hurt. No passengers were injured seriously.

George Davies, a commission merchant, was shot and instantly killed by his wife at their home in Cleveland, Ohio. The shooting was the result of one of many family quarrels.

General Campos says he approves the spirit of the reforms proposed by Spain, though they ought to be more liberal, and is willing to return to Cuba if he can hasten the ending of the war.

Troopers Leahy and Howard, of the United States Cavalry, stationed at West Point, N. Y., fought a duel with sabres for the hand of the blacksmith's pretty daughter, Katie Medler. Leahy was severely wounded on the hips.

The sheriff levied on the village property in Port Richmond, Staten Island, to satisfy a judgment.

A bill was introduced in the Assembly at Albany, N. Y., providing for the manufacture of salt by the State.

The annual show of the National Board of Trade of Cycle Manufacturers was opened at the Grand Central Palace, New York City.

A special committee of engineers reported to the Brooklyn Bridge trustees a plan for running trolley and elevated railroad cars on the structure.

The worst storm of the season raged at Quray, Col. All the roads in the mountain trails are blockaded and impassable. Three sleds loaded with over fifty men have been sent out to open the roads to Revenue and other camps, but it is believed the storm will drive them back to the city.

George Tschan, of Joliet, Ill., fired three bullets into his wife's breast, head and arm and then shot himself and slashed his throat with a razor. Both are dead. Jealousy is said to have been the cause.

Five of the California ranches of the late Senator Stanford, worth half a million dollars, are to be sold by his widow.

Torpedo Boat No. 6 made a record of twenty-nine knots an hour in a builders' trial at Newport, R. I.

The battle-ship Indiana left Admiral Bunce's fleet and returned to Hampton Roads, Va., on account of trouble with her turrets in the heavy sea off Hatteras.

Prominent financiers favoring monetary reform met at the Chamber of Commerce to organize the New York City branch of the National Sound Money League.

Andrea Manro, an Italian, was arrested in New York City on a charge of swindling a New Orleans diamond broker out of $10,000 with the aid of two companions.

An entirely new plan of prison management is proposed in New York State which includes the paroling of first offenders with a view to their reformation and their separation from criminals sentenced for second and third offenses.

Mrs. Van Demark, of Kingston, N. Y., died from the effects of injuries inflicted by a dentist.

Wayland Trask and his partner, A. N. Rankin, were arrested in New York City on a charge of hypothecating securities.

Cyrus E. Breier, cashier of the First National Bank, of Bethlehem, Penn., is a fugitive from justice.

Burglars robbed the Postoffice and railroad station at Goodspeed, Conn., and the station was wrecked by an explosion.

The damage to the United States cruiser Brooklyn is confined to a bad rib on the port side.

At Cassopolis, Mich., Mrs. J. K. Bitter, a Director in the First National Bank and prominent in religious circles, committed suicide by hanging while temporarily insane.

A. W. Linderstrom, a farmer living near Tacoma, Wash., went home late and in a fit of anger took down a shotgun and blew out the brains of his five-year-old son. He then killed himself by shooting.

The New York Legislative Committee to investigate trusts heard Theodore and Henry Havemeyer and John Arbuckle. The sugar magnates admitted they controlled the output and price of sugar in this country. Mr. Arbuckle said he was threatened with extinction if he did not buy sugar of the trust.

Since the burning of the State Capitol at Harrisburg the Pennsylvania Legislature has been holding its sessions in a church.

Foreign Notes.

The Yaquis, of Mexico, are on the warpath, and are attacking Mexican settlements.

Archduke Otto of Austria arrived in Berlin and was received by Emperor William and the royal Princes.

The British Niger Expedition has captured Bida, capital of the Foulah tribe; one British officer was killed in the assault.

Pilgrimages across Russian territory have been forbidden because of the Indian plague.

Emperor William at a banquet urged an increase of the strength of German Army and Navy.

Bands of hostile Yaqui Indians are causing much terror among the settlers in the Yaqui River Valley east of Ures, Mexico. One band of over 100 Yaquis attempted to pillage the ranch of Pablo Sencho, and the latter made resistance. The Indians then murdered Sencho, his wife, and two children and then burned the ranch.

It was reported at Athens that a union of Crete and Greece had been proclaimed at Halepa. It was rumored that the ships of the Powers were bombarding Canea. At Berlin it was believed that war between Greece and Turkey was inevitable.

United States Ambassador MacVeagh gave a ball in Rome, at which the King and Queen of Italy were guests.

Five thousand refugees have embarked from Canea, Crete; 2000 refugees are on board the British warships.

Several women have been banished from Cuba because they are believed to be in sympathy with the insurrection.

Advices from Havana, Cuba, state that the Spanish element in the island upholds General Weyler, and believes that his severe method is the only one that will stamp out the rebellion.

Not less than 40,000 children have been made orphans by the late massacre of Armenians in Turkey.

A full abstract of the proposed reforms in Cuba and Porto Rico was made public in Madrid.

Hard fighting in the Island of Crete was reported. Many Christians were killed. The City of Canea was burned. French and British marines were landed to protect the Consulates of their Governments.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK AND CREAM.			
Average daily receipts of the week, fluid milk, cans			21,930
Condensed milk, cans			175
Cream, cans			4 2
BUTTER.			
Creamery—Western Extras, ₱	—	@	21½
Firsts	19	@	20
Thirds to seconds	14	@	18
State—Thirds to first	14	@	18
State Dairy, common to choice	12	@	16
Imitation Creamery	15	@	18
Factory, fresh, extras	13½	@	14
Common to good	8	@	11
CHEESE.			
State—Fullcream, white, fancy	—	@	12½
Good to prime	11½	@	12
Common to fair	9	@	11
Part skims, good to prime	8½	@	9½
Full skims	3	@	3½
EGGS.			
State & Penn—Fresh	15	@	15½
Jersey—Fancy	16	@	16½
Western—Prime to choice	—	@	15
Southern—Good to prime	14	@	14½
Duck eggs, ₱ doz	—	@	—
BEANS AND PEAS.			
Beans—Marrow, choice	—	@	1 15
Medium, choice	95	@	1 00
Pea, choice	90	@	92½
Red kidney, choice	1 25	@	1 27
White kidney, choice	1 25	@	1 30
Yellow eye	—	@	—
Lima, Cal., ₱ 60 lbs	1 25	@	1 30
Green peas, bags	—	@	65
FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.			
Apples, Spitzenberg, ₱ bbl	1 25	@	2 50
Northern, fancy	—	@	1 50
Greening, ₱ bbl	1 50	@	1 75
State, Baldwin, prime	—	@	1 25
Cranberries, Cape Cod, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	5 50
Jersey, fair to fancy	3 50	@	4 00
HOPS.			
State—1896, choice, ₱ lb	13	@	13½
1896, good to prime	11	@	12
Pacific Coast, 1896, choice	13	@	13½
Good to prime	11	@	12
Old odds	3	@	5
LIVE POULTRY.			
Fowls, ₱ lb	—	@	10
Chickens, ₱ lb	7	@	8
Roosters, ₱ lb	—	@	6
Turkeys, ₱ lb	11	@	12
Ducks, local, ₱ pair	70	@	90
Geese, local, ₱ pair	1 50	@	2 00
Pigeons, ₱ pair	25	@	35
DRESSED POULTRY.			
Turkeys, ₱ lb	10	@	13½
Chickens, Phila., ₱ lb	10	@	12
State and Penn.	8½	@	9½
Western, dry picked	6½	@	9
Fowls, State & Penn. ₱ lb	8	@	9
Western ducks, ₱ lb	12	@	14
Geese, Western, ₱ lb	12	@	14
Squabs, ₱ doz	1 50	@	2 50
VEGETABLES.			
Potatoes, State, ₱ 180 lbs	1 00	@	1 12
L. I., ₱ bbl	1 37	@	1 50
Houlton Rose	1 40	@	1 50
Sweets, ₱ bbl	1 00	@	1 25
Cabbages, ₱ 100	3 00	@	5 00
Onions, Eastern white, ₱ bbl	4 00	@	6 50
Red, ₱ bbl	3 25	@	3 50
Yellow	3 00	@	3 25
Celery, State, ₱ doz. stalks	12	@	70
Carrots, ₱ bbl	—	@	60
Turnips, Can. Russia, ₱ bbl	60	@	70
Green peas, Fla., ₱ crate	2 00	@	4 00
Egg plant, Fla., ₱ bbl	2 50	@	5 00
Cucumbers, Fla., ₱ crate	2 00	@	5 00
Brussels sprouts, ₱ qt	10	@	15
String beans, Fla., ₱ crate	1 00	@	3 50
Cauliflower, L. I. ₱ bbl	—	@	—
Lettuce, Eastern, ₱ doz	1 00	@	1 75
Beets, Fla., ₱ bush. crate	—	@	1 00
Spinach, Norfolk, ₱ bbl	50	@	1 25
Parsnips, ₱ bbl	—	@	75
HAY AND STRAW.			
Hay—Prime, ₱ 100 lb	75	@	77½
Clover mixed	60	@	65
Straw—Long rye	85	@	87½
Short rye	50	@	60
Oat	37½	@	40
GRAIN, ETC.			
Flour—City Patents	4 90	@	5 15
Spring Patents	4 30	@	4 60
Wheat—No. 2 Red	—	@	93½
May	—	@	83½
Corn—No. 2	—	@	28½
Oats—No. 2 White	—	@	24
Ungraded White	21	@	30
Rye—State	41	@	42
Barley—Feeding	28½	@	28½
Lard—City steam	—	@	3.65
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, city dressed	6½	@	8½
Milch cows, com. to good	—	@	—
Calves, city dressed	8	@	11
Country dressed	5½	@	9
Sheep, ₱ 100 lbs	4 25	@	4 50
Lambs, ₱ 100 lbs	5 50	@	5 60
Hogs—Live, ₱ 100 lbs	3 60	@	4 10
Country Dressed	5½	@	6½

MAY SUCCEED WEYLER.

General Azcarraga is Spain's War Minister and a Shrewd Intriguer.

General Azcarraga, who may go to Cuba as Captain-General Weyler's superior officer, is the Spanish Minister of War, an able director of men, and one of the shrewdest diplomats and intriguers in all Europe. He and Campos have been political enemies for years. The War Minister was not enabled to

GENERAL AZCARRAGA.

turn the screws on his enemy until the war in Cuba broke. Azcarraga knew that neither Campos nor anyone else would fare well in the conduct of the Cuban campaign, and it was through his influence the kind-hearted Campos was sent out to suppress the revolution. How Campos was recalled in disgrace is well known. That soldier would probably never have been called home had it not been for the machinations of his enemy. He was an able commander and he was feared more by Gomez and his men than is Weyler. Campos was a fair fighter.

A Steel-Rail Combination.

The collapse of the steel-rail pool has been followed by a combination of Carnegie and Rockefeller to control the markets of the world. Steel rails sold at $16 in Chicago, a drop of $10 in three days, and at $17 in Pittsburg, the lowest known.

Buckwheat Flour Cheap.

The buckwheat crop of southwest Michigan was the largest crop for many years and in some localities the flour is being sold at a lower price than that charged for wheat flour.

Newsy Gleanings.

A St. Louis woman has just died, leaving $10,000,000 to be divided among about forty heirs.

The brewers of St. Louis have contributed $20,000 to the fund for relieving the poor in that city.

A bill has been introduced in the Connecticut State Senate forbidding saloons to furnish free lunches.

For ten days rain has fallen in Northern and Central California, which effectually puts an end to all fears of drouth.

The Slum Brigade of the Salvation Army every Sunday morning gives a breakfast in New York City to three hundred or more homeless men, women and children.

A Boston millionaire has been fined $5 for allowing snow to remain on his sidewalk.

A Michigan preacher and a physician killed two cats in the pulpit with nicotine to illustrate an anti-tobacco sermon.

Wild clams are selling in the Boston market at $1.50 per bushel, while those of the cultivated variety bring as high as $2 per bushel.

At Atlanta, Ga., suit was brought against the Postal Telegraph Company for $25,000 damages, it being alleged that an error in a telegram caused Wesley Bennett to take his life.

The plan of the British Government for increasing the strength and efficiency of the navy provides for the construction of five battleships, three first-class cruisers, and the addition of 10,000 men.

Fad for the Eyes.

Among the sources of the greatest trouble to the eyesight are the excessive use of wine, spirits or beer; the indiscriminate administration of quinine